# Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2022

#### FINAL DESIGN



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City of Rock Hill, Missouri

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# **CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI**

Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For The Fiscal Year Ended March 31, 2022



Prepared by: Jennifer Yackley, City Administrator and Sandra Stephens, Treasurer This page is intentionally blank.

### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

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**Introductory Section** 

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI PRINCIPAL CITY OFFICIALS

#### **Elected Officials (As of Report Date)**

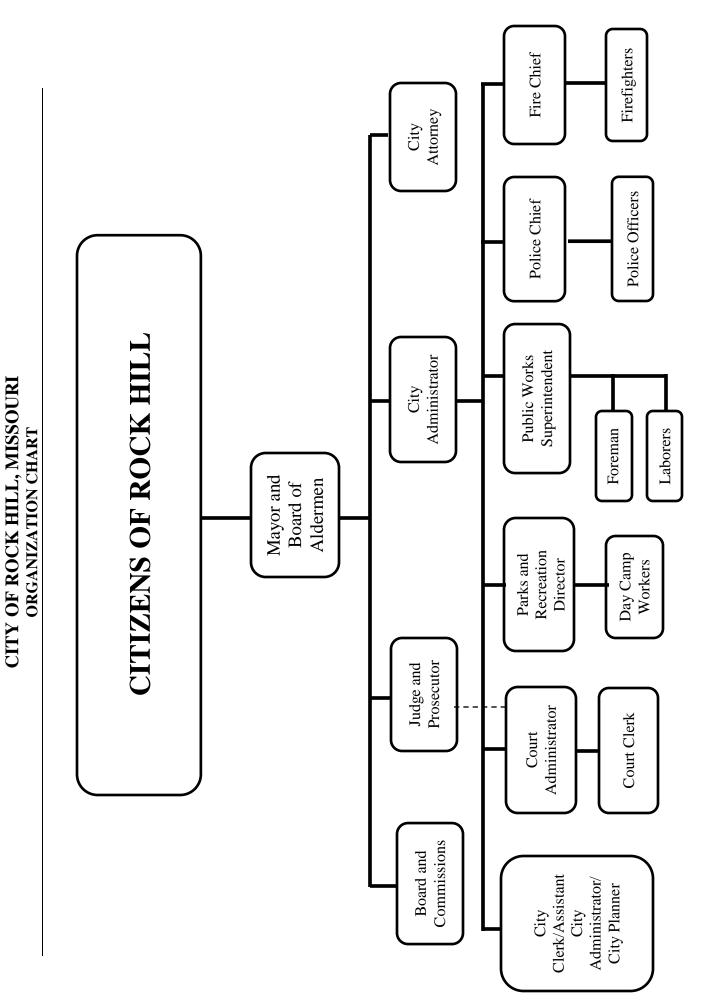
<b>Position</b>	Name	<u>Term</u>
Mayor	Edward Mahan	4/18 - 4/22
Alderman Ward 1	Jacquelyn Rappold	4/20 - 4/22
Alderman Ward 1	Edward Johnson	4/21 - 4/23
Alderwoman Ward 2	Jennifer R. Davis	4/20 - 4/22
Alderwoman Ward 2	Sabrina Westfall	4/21 - 4/23
Alderman Ward 3	Jeffrey Took	4/20 - 4/22
Alderwoman Ward 3	Mary Wofford	4/21 - 4/23

#### **Appointed Officials and Department Heads**

#### **Position**

#### <u>Name</u>

Jennifer Yackley
Sandra Stephens
Garrett Schlett
Amy Perrin
Paul Martin
Thomas Spoon
Mark Levitt
Donald Wickenhauser
Kevin Halloran
Kathryn Nieman
Ron Meyer



Government Finance Officers Association

Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting

Presented to

# City of Rock Hill Missouri

For its Annual Comprehensive Financial Report For the Fiscal Year Ended

March 31, 2021

Christophen P. Morrill

Executive Director/CEO

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September 26, 2022

The Honorable Mayor Edward Mahan, Members of the Board of Aldermen, and the Citizens of the City of Rock Hill, Missouri

We hereby present this Annual Comprehensive Financial Report (ACFR) for fiscal year ended March 31, 2022, for the City of Rock Hill, Missouri (the City) for your review. This report was prepared using U.S. generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) and audited in accordance with U.S. generally accepted auditing standards by an independent firm of licensed certified public accountants.

This report is the City's management representations concerning the finances of the City and, therefore, management assumes full responsibility for the completeness and reliability of all information presented in this report. The City's Administration Department prepared this report and believes that the financial statements, supporting schedules, and statistical information fairly present the financial position of the City. We further believe that all presented data is accurate in all aspects and that all necessary disclosures have been included to enable the reader to gain a reasonable understanding of the City's financial affairs. To provide a reasonable basis for making these representations management of the City has established a comprehensive internal control framework that is designed to protect the City's assets from loss, theft, or misuse and to compile sufficient, reliable information for the preparation of the City's financial statements in conformity with GAAP. This internal control structure is designed to provide a reasonable, but not absolute, assurance that these objectives are met. The concept of reasonable assurance recognizes that: 1) the cost of control should not exceed the benefits likely to be derived, and 2) the valuation of costs and benefits require estimates and judgments by management.

The City's financial statements have been audited by Fick, Eggemeyer & Williamson Certified Public Accountants PC a firm of licensed, certified public accountants. The goal of the independent audit was to provide reasonable assurance that the basic financial statements of the City for the year ended March 31, 2022, are free of material misstatement. Based on their audit, they concluded that there was a reasonable basis for rendering an unmodified opinion of the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022. They also concluded that the financial statements are fairly presented in conformity with GAAP. The independent auditors' report is presented as the first component of the financial section of this report.

GAAP requires that management provide a narrative introduction, overview, and analysis to accompany the basic financial statements in the form of Management's Discussion and Analysis (MD&A). This letter of transmittal is designed to complement the MD&A and should be read in conjunction with it. The City's MD&A can be found immediately following the independent auditors' report.

#### **Profile of the City**

The City is located in St. Louis County and is approximately three miles west of the City of St. Louis, Missouri. The City covers approximately 1.1 square mile and serves 4,750 residents.

The City was incorporated in 1929 as a fourth class city under Missouri statute. The City operates under a mayor-board-administrator form of government. The Board of Aldermen is comprised of six aldermen and a mayor. Two aldermen are elected from each of the City's three wards and serve two-year terms. The mayor, elected at large to serve a four-year term, is the presiding officer of the Board of Aldermen. The Mayor may vote in the event of a tie vote by the Board of Aldermen. In addition, one alderman is elected as Board President to act in the Mayor's behalf during his absence. The Board of Aldermen is responsible for, among other things, passing ordinances, adopting the budget, appointing committees, and appointing the City Administrator and the City Clerk. The City Administrator is responsible for carrying out the policies and ordinances of the Board and for overseeing the day-to-day operations of the City.

The City has approximately 35 full-time and 7 seasonal employees and provides a range of municipal services including general administration, police protection, fire protection, municipal court, planning and zoning, public works, and parks and recreation.

The annual budget serves as the foundation for the City's financial planning and control. All of the departments of the City are required to submit requests for funds to the City Administrator who uses these requests as the basis for a proposed budget. The City Treasurer develops estimates of revenues for the upcoming fiscal year which are also incorporated into the proposed budget. The City Administrator, along with department heads, presents the proposed budget to the Mayor and Board of Aldermen who hold work sessions in addition to board meetings and adopt a budget by April 1. The budget is prepared by fund, department (e.g., police), and line item (e.g., office supplies). The City Administrator has authority to transfer funds between line items within individual departments. Transfers of funds between departments require the approval of the Board of Aldermen. Budget-to-actual comparisons are provided in this report for each individual fund for which an annual budget was adopted. For the General Fund, this comparison is presented as part of the financial statements for the governmental funds.

#### **Factors Affecting Financial Condition**

The information presented in this report is best understood within a broader economic context.

**Local Economy.** The City is a suburban community located in St. Louis County with easy access to Interstate 64. The City has a mix of commercial, industrial, and residential property.

The City has a variety of housing within its borders. The majority of the housing was constructed post-World War II. The city granted approvals for the construction of 7 new houses, 5 residential additions, and 30 residential remodels between April 1, 2021 and March 31, 2022. These numbers are consistent with those over the last several years as residents continue to invest in their existing homes and homebuilders are purchasing and replacing older, neglected houses in the city.

The City has a commercial corridor along Manchester Road that stretches most of the length of the City. The St. Louis County COVID-19 restrictions eased during the fiscal year although hiring remained challenging for many businesses not only in the City but also throughout the St. Louis

region. The majority of the City's businesses have adjusted their business practices and continue to operate, despite these challenges. The City even saw the opening of several new businesses replacing a number of businesses that closed or relocated from the City in the previous fiscal year. New Growth Horizons expanded their medical marijuana cultivation and manufacturing facility into a space vacated by Parties and Props. Masonmade a hardscape supplier and designer took over a space vacated by Woodard Cleaning and Restoration. Delmar Mortgage took over the office building vacated by TR,i Architects and now sponsors a monthly Queso with a Cop event for the public. Backlogs at regulatory agencies due to staff shortages and supply chain delays continue to be a factor in economic development. Millman Lumber Company was approved for a new, 2-story office building during the fiscal year. Construction has been delayed due to longer than normal review times at the Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District. The City also approved a new Aldi grocery store to replace Lucky's Market during the fiscal year. Supply chain delays related to their HVAC equipment, have pushed the opening date to the first quarter of 2023.

Long-term Financial Planning and Major Initiatives. In fiscal year 2022 the City added \$560,134 to fund balance. The ending unassigned fund balance is \$1,067,749 which is 34% of Fiscal Year 2022 budgeted expenditures. The policy goal is to maintain a General Fund balance of 25% of operating expenditures so that City services are not adversely impacted by fluctuating economic conditions. The City receives its primary revenue from sales, property and utility taxes at 32%, 24% and 10% of revenues, respectively. The Board of Aldermen approved placing both a Use Tax and Pension Property Tax on the April 2022 ballot. The Use Tax is a sales tax on goods purchased from out of state vendors. The Use Tax passed with 60% of Rock Hill voters voting in favor of the measure. The City began receiving Use Tax revenue in October 2021 and have budgeted \$130,000 in revenue for FY2022-2023. The Pension Property Tax also passed with 53% of voters voting in favor. The City was able to include the Pension Property Tax on residents' property taxes for December 2021. The City received approximately \$331,000 and chose to use the funds to establish a fund balance in the new pension fund. The City receives the bulk of its property taxes in January each year but makes pension payments throughout the year. The City desired to fund the pension fund's fund balance the first year to have sufficient revenue available throughout the year. The City budgeted \$335,200 in revenue for the FY2022-2023 to fund all of the City's annual pension obligations.

The Board of Aldermen has approved two Tax Increment Financing (TIF) projects in the last fifteen years designed to improve sales tax revenues for the City. The first TIF is the McKnight Crossing development and was completed in 1999 with 40,000 square feet of retail and commercial space. December 1, 2012, the McKnight Crossing TIF revenue bonds were retired in full and the TIF district was terminated. The second TIF includes 46 acres split north and south of Manchester Road west of the McKnight intersection. The project is being done in two phases. Phase one (SW TIF), Market at McKnight, has 127,300 square feet of retail space and was substantially completed in 2008. The Market at McKnight continues to be a popular destination for shoppers in the area. The Market at McKnight recently lost Lucky's Market at the beginning of 2021. The abovementioned Aldi grocery store will replace Lucky's Market and is expected to open in the first quarter of 2023. The Market's developer continues to seek a new tenant to fill the Stein Mart space. Club Fitness and Bandana's both closed recently but will be filled by a new swim school and a new restaurant, respectively. Both of which are expected to open in the current fiscal year. Phase two (NW TIF), was completed in 2012 and is occupied by a CVS Pharmacy.

One of the City's major initiatives continues to be street repair work. The city created a 10-Year Infrastructure Plan to guide street repair decisions. The plan is designed to allow one major street

project per year on a rotating cycle through the city's three wards. After a year's hiatus due to the COVID-19 pandemic, the City resumed its planned street work projects. The City completed work on Kortwright Ave, Shortidge Ave, and North Rock Hill Road north of Manchester Road. The City also resubmitted the STP grant application for North Rock Hill Road south of Manchester Road.

**Financial Policies.** The City contracts with the City of Kirkwood for all of the duties associated with the City's Finance Department. This arrangement gives the City access to a larger Finance Department Staff while still maintaining the level of professionalism and financial knowledge. The partnership has resulted in a reorganized budget, streamlined processing for court bonds and a review of financial policies.

#### Awards

The Government Finance Officers Association of the United States and Canada (GFOA) awarded a Certificate of Achievement for Excellence in Financial Reporting to the City for its ACFR for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2021. This was the twelfth year that the City has achieved this prestigious award. In order to be awarded a Certificate of Achievement, a government must publish an easily readable and efficiently organized comprehensive annual financial report. This report must satisfy both generally accepted accounting principles and applicable legal requirements.

A Certificate of Achievement is valid for a period of one year only. We believe that our current ACFR continues to meet the Certificate of Achievement Program's requirements and we are submitting it to the GFOA to determine its eligibility for another certificate.

#### Acknowledgements

The preparation of this report would not have been possible without the efficient and dedicated service of the City Treasurer. We would like to express our appreciation to all members of the various City departments who assisted in the preparation of this report. We would also like to thank our auditors, Fick, Eggemeyer & Williamson Certified Public Accountants PC, for their help in preparing this report. Credit also must be given to the Mayor and the Board of Aldermen for their unfailing support for maintaining the highest standards of professionalism in the management of the City's finances.

Respectfully submitted,

Jennifer J. Yackey

Jennifer Yackley City Administrator

Sandia Stephens

Sandra Stephens City Treasurer



**Financial Section** 

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#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Honorable Mayor and Board of Alderman City of Rock Hill, Missouri

#### **Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements**

#### **Opinions**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rock Hill, Missouri, as of and for the year ended March 31, 2022, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City of Rock Hill, Missouri's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Rock Hill, Missouri, as of March 31, 2022, and the respective changes in financial position, and, where applicable, cash flows thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinions**

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the City of Rock Hill, Missouri and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

#### **Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements**

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Rock Hill, Missouri's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

#### Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rock Hill, Missouri's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about the City of Rock Hill, Missouri's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Required Supplementary Information**

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis budgetary comparison information, schedule of changes in net pension liability and ratios and schedule of contributions be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

#### Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City of Rock Hill, Missouri's basic financial statements. The combining balance sheet, combining scheduled of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, budgetary comparison information, statement of changes in assets and liabilities - agency fund are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the combining balance sheet, combining scheduled of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balance, budgetary comparison information, statement of changes in assets and liabilities - agency fund are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

#### **Other Information**

Management is responsible for the other information included in the annual report. The other information comprises the introductory and statistical sections but does not include the basic financial statements and our auditor's report thereon. Our opinions on the basic financial statements do not cover the other information, and we do not express an opinion or any form of assurance thereon.

In connection with our audit of the basic financial statements, our responsibility is to read the other information and consider whether a material inconsistency exists between the other information and the basic financial statements, or the other information otherwise appears to be materially misstated. If, based on the work performed, we conclude that an uncorrected material misstatement of the other information exists, we are required to describe it in our report.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated September 26, 2022, on our consideration of the City of Rock Hill, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the City of Rock Hill, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering City of Rock Hill, Missouri's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Fick, Eggemeyer & Williamson

Fick, Eggemeyer & Williamson, CPAs Saint Louis, Missouri September 26, 2022 The page was intentionally left blank.

As management of the City of Rock Hill, Missouri (the City), we offer readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of the City for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2022. We encourage readers to consider the information presented here along with the City's financial statements, including footnotes that follow this Management Discussion and Analysis (MD&A).

#### FINANCIAL HIGHLIGHTS

• On a government-wide basis, the City's liabilities and deferred inflows exceeded its assets and deferred outflows at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$8,366,788 (*net position*). The City has an unrestricted deficit of net position totaling \$24,409,713. (see Table 1)

Table 1           Unrestricted Deficit Net Position Summary		
TIF bonds and notes net of unamortized bond discount and deferred amount on refunding Interest payable on the TIF bonds and notes Net pension liability net of deferred outflows and inflows related to pension Positive change in net position from operations	\$ (19,436,303) (5,465,297) (526,308) 1,018,195	
Unrestricted deficit net position	\$ (24,409,713)	

- The total cost of City programs decreased by \$669,923, or 10.4%, and net program costs (program revenues less program expenses) were \$863,894 more than they were in fiscal year 2021. (see Table 4)
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined ending fund balances of \$5,700,865, which was an increase of \$560,134 in comparison with the prior year. This increase is primarily attributed to voters approving a property tax for funding pensions of \$0.23 per hundred thousand of assessed value \$322,304 and use of the American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds of \$112,671. Approximately 19% of the total amount is available for spending at the City's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- At the end of the current fiscal year, the unassigned fund balance for the General Fund was \$1,067,749, which was approximately 34% of total General Fund expenditures.
- The City's total long-term liabilities, net of premium and discount decreased \$1,203,912 during the current fiscal year. Table 2 below summarizes the items contributing to this decrease.

Table 2 Long-term Liabilities Decrease		
Debt repayment Amortization – premiums Amortization – discount	\$ (1,150,000) (48,573) 8,938	
Change in compensated absences Total decrease in long-term liabilities	(14,277) \$ (1,203,912)	

#### **OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS**

This report consists of four parts: 1) management's discussion and analysis (*this section*), 2) the basic financial statements, 3) required supplemental information, and an optional section 4) other supplemental information. Figure A, on the next page, shows how the parts of this annual report are arranged and relate to one another. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the City:

- The first two statements are *government-wide financial statements* that are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. They provide both long-term and short-term information about the City's overall financial status.
- The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the City's government and report operations in more detail than the government-wide statements. These statements present a short-term perspective of how services were financed as well as what remains for future spending.

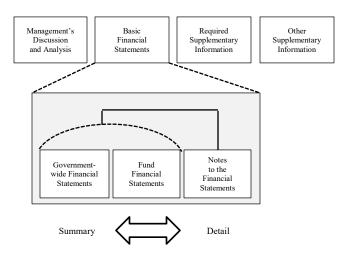


Figure B summarizes the major features of the City's government-wide and fund financial statements, including the portion of the City government they cover and the types of information each contains. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis explains the structure and contents of each of the statements.

**Figure B** 

Major Features of the City's Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements				
Government-wide Statements		<b>Governmental Funds</b>		
Scope	Entire City government (except fiduciary funds) and the City's component units	The activities of the City that are not fiduciary, such as administration, police, fire, public works, capital improvements, and parks		
Required financial statements	<ul><li>Statement of net position</li><li>Statement of activities</li></ul>	<ul> <li>Balance sheet</li> <li>Statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balance</li> </ul>		
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic re- sources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus		
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both finan- cial and capital, and short-term and long-term	Only assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets are included		
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year; expenditures when goods or services have been received and payment is due during the year or soon thereafter		

**Figure** A

**Government-wide financial statements.** The government-wide financial statements include the statement of net position and the statement of activities. These statements are designed to provide a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business. Note that the government-wide financial statements exclude fiduciary fund activities.

The *statement of net position* (on page 19) presents information about all of the City's assets and deferred outflows of resources, and liabilities and deferred inflows of resources using the accrual method of accounting, with the difference between the two being reported as net position. Net position is one way to measure the City's financial health or financial position. Over time increases and decreases in the City's net position are one indicator of whether its financial health is improving or deteriorating. However, you will also need to consider other nonfinancial factors such as changes in the City's sales tax base, the amount of snowfall during the winter season, changes in service levels, and the condition of municipal roads and facilities to assess the overall health of the City.

The *statement of activities* (on page 20) accounts for all of the fiscal year's revenues and expenses for the City. It presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. As a result, revenues and expenses are reported in this statement for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal years such as uncollected taxes and interest and earned but unused vacation leave.

The government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (governmental activities) from other functions that are intended to cover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (business-type activities). The governmental activities of the City include general administration, police services, fire services, public works, parks and recreation, housing, and judicial. The City does not operate any business-type activities.

**Fund financial statements.** A fund is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into two categories: governmental funds and fiduciary funds. The City has no proprietary (enterprise or internal service) funds.

**Governmental funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide statements, the governmental funds financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of expendable resources, as well as on balances of expendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for governmental funds with similar information presented for governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financial decisions. Both the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between governmental funds and the governmental activities.

The City maintains ten individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental funds balance sheet and in the governmental funds statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the following major funds: General Fund, Park Fund, SW TIF Fund, General Capital Projects Fund, Infrastructure Capital Projects Fund, and Debt Service Fund. Data from the other governmental funds are combined into a single, aggregated presentation called "other governmental funds". Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funds are provided in the form of combining statements in the other supplemental information section of this report.

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for all of its funds. Budgetary comparison statements have been provided for all budgeted funds to demonstrate legal compliance with the respective adopted budget.

The governmental funds financial statements can be found on pages 21 through 24 of this report.

**Fiduciary funds.** Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside the City. Fiduciary funds are not reflected in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are not available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds (which the City has none). The statement of fiduciary net position and statement of changes in fiduciary net position - Pension Trust Fund can be found on pages 25 and 26 of this report.

**Notes to the basic financial statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the basic financial statements can be found on pages 27 through 55 of this report.

**Required supplemental information.** In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, certain required supplemental information can be found on pages 56 through 66 of this report.

**Other supplemental information.** The combining and individual fund statements, referred to earlier in connection with nonmajor governmental funds, are presented immediately following the required supplemental information. Combining and individual fund statements can be found on pages 67 through 74 of this report.

#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY AS A WHOLE

The City presents its financial statements under the reporting model required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board Statement No. 34 (GASB 34), *Basic Financial Statements - and Management's Discussion and Analysis - for State and Local Governments.* 

#### Net Position

As noted earlier, net position may serve over time as a useful indicator of the City's financial position. In the case of the City, combined net position (deficiency) increased to (\$8,366,788) from a deficit of (\$9,499,667), or 11.9% in the most recent fiscal year (see Table 3 on the next page).

Table 3           Condensed Statement of Net Position					
	March	31,	2022 Change		
	2022	2021	Amount	Percent	
ASSETS					
Current and other assets	\$ 7,808,873	\$ 5,699,231	\$ 2,109,642	37.0	%
Capital assets, net	19,395,649	19,232,076	163,573	0.8	
Total Assets	27,204,522	24,931,307	2,273,215	9.1	
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES					
Deferred charge on refunding	78,860	97,653	(18,793)	(19.2)	
Deferred - related to pension	526,650	939,885	(413,235)	(44.0)	
Total Deferred Outflows			. <u></u>		
of Resources	605,510	1,037,538	(432,028)	(41.6)	
LIABILITIES					
Current liabilities	6,076,524	4,823,305	1,253,219	26.0	
Long-term liabilities	28,314,168	29,854,359	(1,540,191)	(5.2)	
Total Liabilities	34,390,692	34,677,664	( 286,972)	(0.8)	
DEFERRED INFLOWS					
OF RESOURCES					
Deferred - related to pension	1,786,128	790,848	995,280	125.8	
NET POSITION					
Net investment in capital assets	11,458,735	10,725,382	733,353	6.8	
Restricted	4,584,190	4,377,313	206,877	4.7	
Unrestricted (deficit)	(24,409,713)	(24,602,362)	192,649	0.8	
Total Net Position	\$ ( 8,366,788)	\$ (9,499,667)	\$ 1,132,879	11.9	9

A portion of the City's net position, \$11,458,735 in 2022, reflects its investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure), less any related debt used to acquire those assets that are still outstanding. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to citizens; consequently, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in its capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources needed to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

An additional portion of the City's net position, \$4,584,190 in 2022, represents resources that are subject to external restrictions on how they may be used. External restrictions include those imposed by grantors, contributors, regulations or other governments, or restrictions imposed by law through constitutional provisions or legislation.

The remaining category of the City's net position represents a deficit unrestricted net position balance of \$24,409,713 in 2022. This deficit is comprised of \$1,018,195 in unrestricted net position from operations offset by an unrestricted net position deficit resulting from the balance of \$19,436,303 in TIF bonds and notes outstanding and interest payable on these bonds notes of \$5,465,297 at year-end for infrastructure assets not owned by the City. The TIF notes are limited obligations of the City and are funded only by incremental revenues generated within the TIF district. The remaining unrestricted net position deficit of \$526,308 is for net pension liability net of deferred outflows and inflows related to pension.

#### **Change in Net Position**

Change in net position between 2022 and 2021 are shown in Table 4 below. The City's total revenues were \$6,929,772. Approximately 32% of those revenues came from sales taxes, 21% of the revenues from property tax, and 8% came from fees charged for services rendered. Most of the other remaining revenues came from utility taxes and other revenues. Change in net position increased the City's net position by \$1,132,879.

Table 4           Condensed Statement of Activities					
	For The Years Ended March 31,		2022 Change		
	2022	2021	Amount	Percent	
PROGRAM REVENUES					
Charges for services	\$ 534,960	\$ 354,762	\$ 180,198	50.8	
Operating grants and	510 5(0	2 (0.202	150 550		
contributions	519,760	360,202	159,558	44.3	
Capital grants and contributions	185,530	331,315	(145,785)	(44.0)	
Total Program Revenues	1,240,250	1,046,279	193,971	18.5	
EXPENSES					
Administration	972,381	834,995	137,386	16.5	
Fire department	898,354	1,269,206	(370,852)	(29.2)	
Housing department	23,869	22,627	1,242	5.5	
Municipal court	85,576	115,391	(29,815)	(25.8)	
Parks and recreation	278,907	246,228	32,679	13.3	
Police department	837,169	1,329,798	(492,629)	(37.0)	
Public works	888,192	876,508	11,684	1.3	
Interest on long-term debt	1,812,445	1,772,063	40,382	2.3	
Total Expenses	5,796,893	6,466,816	(669,923)	(10.4)	
Net Program Cost	(4,556,643)	(5,420,537)	(863,894)	15.9	
GENERAL REVENUES					
Property tax	1,489,069	1,186,194	302,875	25.5	
Sales taxes	2,212,730	1,936,192	276,538	14.3	
Utility gross receipts	690,041	633,996	56,045	8.8	
Other taxes	1,165,401	1,241,065	(75,664)	(6.1)	
Investment income	765	1,792	(1,027)	(57.3)	
Gain on sale of capital assets	32,667	-	32,667	100.0	
Other	98,849	353,628	(254,779)	(72.0)	
Total General Revenues	5,689,522	5,352,867	336,655	6.3	
CHANGE IN NET POSITION	1,132,879	(67,670)	1,200,549	177.4	
NET POSITION, APRIL 1	( 9,499,667)	(9,431,997)	(67,670)	(0.7)	
NET POSITION, MARCH 31	\$ ( 8,366,788)	\$ ( 9,499,667)	\$ 1,132,879	11.9	

The different types of normal impacts that can affect revenues include the following:

1) *Economic conditions* can reflect a growing, stable, or declining environment and have a substantial impact on property taxes, assessments, retail sales, gasoline, and other tax revenues as well as consumer spending habits as it relates to building permits, user fees, and other consumption revenues.

- 2) The Board of Aldermen has significant authority to set *increases or decreases in City rates* (property taxes, permitting, etc.).
- 3) *Changing patterns in intergovernmental and grant revenues* (both recurring and nonrecurring) can significantly change and impact revenues and the annual comparisons.
- 4) *Market impacts on investment income* may cause investment revenues to fluctuate from the prior year.

Total City expenses for 2022 were 5,796,893, or 1,132,879 less than the total revenues generated. Expenses decreased \$669,923 or 10.4 % compared to 2021.

Key elements (see Table 4) of the increase or decrease in net position are listed below. It is important to note that in FY2022 the City was continuing to return to a more normal pattern, recreation programs opened and employees were back in the office.

- Charges for services increased \$180,198 or 50.8% compared to fiscal year 2021. The largest contributing factors for this increase are the Municipal court receipts and business licenses which increased by \$102,139 and \$49,549, respectively.
- Sales taxes, the City's largest revenue source, increased in 2022 by \$276,538. During FY2022, St. Louis County Health restrictions were lifted and sales taxes rebounded. All sales tax categories increased from 11% to 16%. In April 2021, voters approved a use tax which the City began receiving in the 3rd quarter of FY2022. The use tax is estimated to generate an additional \$130,000 in sales tax revenues in future fiscal years.
- The City received American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds of \$470,616 of which \$112,671 was expended in FY2022 to hire public works position open, restore health insurance premiums and deductibles, and provide premium pay to employees who worked during the COVID-19 pandemic. Note the ARPA fund balance of \$357,945 is reported as unearned revenue until the City expends the funds.
- Fire service costs decreased \$370,852 or (29%) primarily due to fire department staff stabilizing after COVID leave began to wane and a decrease in the change in deferred outflows/deferred inflows related to pension and net pension liability of \$215,330.
- Police service costs decreased \$492,692 or (37%) primarily due to staff turnover as well and a decrease in the change in deferred outflows/deferred inflows related to pension and net pension liability of \$291,638.
- Administration service costs for 2022 increased \$137,386 or 16.5%. The primary contributors are the restoration in the City's contribution for health insurance premiums to pre-COVID levels and the employee health deductible payout that had been eliminated during COVID.

#### **Governmental Activities**

Figure C-1 presents a comparison of the cost and revenues generated by each of the City's programs. Overall, program revenues were 21% of program expenses. This resulted in a net cost (total cost of programs less fees generated by the activities and intergovernmental aid) of \$4.6 million. The net cost demonstrates the financial burden that was placed on the City by each of these functions. The City paid for this \$4.6 million "public benefit" portion of the cost with property taxes, sales, other taxes, licenses and permits, and investment earnings.

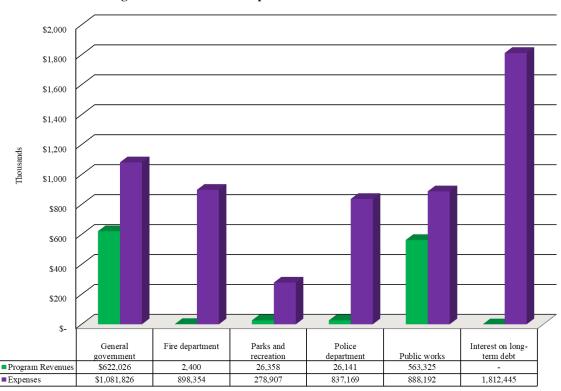
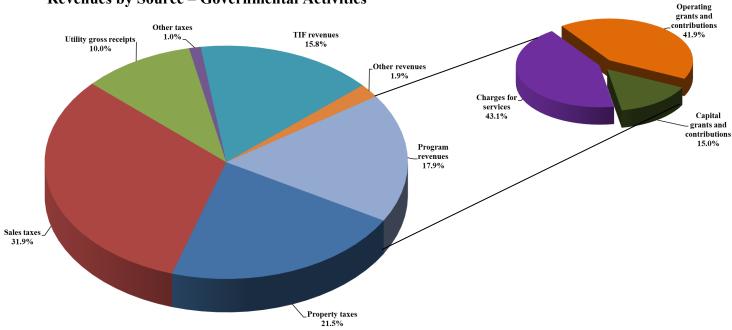


Figure C-1 Program Revenues and Expenses - Governmental Activities

General revenues, which include such items as property taxes, sales taxes, utility taxes, and other revenue, were \$5.7 million or 82% of all City revenues (see Figure C-2). Program revenues accounted for the other 18%. Of that amount, charges for services, which include such items as business licenses, municipal court fines, and permits, accounted for 43% of program revenues.

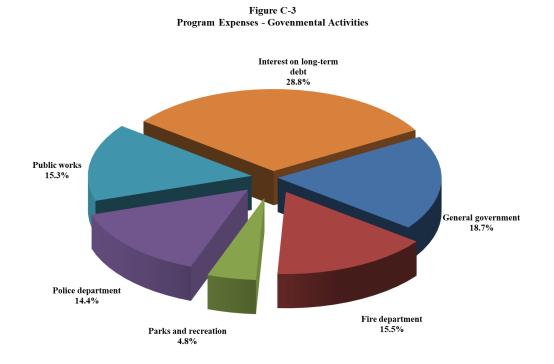
Other key revenue items were as follows:

- Sales taxes were the City's largest revenue source, generating 32% of all revenues.
- Property tax accounted for 24% of all revenues with 12% allocated to debt service and 5% allocated to pensions.
- Utility gross receipts accounts for 10% of all revenues. Utility taxes are charged on the utility services provided within the City.
- Other taxes accounts for 17% of all revenues but includes 16% TIF revenues.



#### Figure C-2 Revenues by Source – Governmental Activities

The City's expenses cover a wide range of services, with 30% of them related to police and fire services (see Figure C-3). Public works, which includes road maintenance and improvements and storm water enhancements, account for another 14% of program expenses. Interest on long-term debt accounts for 29% and other city services (general government and parks) make up the remaining 27%.



#### FINANCIAL ANALYSIS OF THE CITY'S FUNDS

As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance related legal requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds**

The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for spending at the end of the fiscal year.

At March 31, 2022, the City's governmental funds (presented in the balance sheet on page 21) reported a combined fund balance of \$5,700,865, which is an increase of \$560,134 in comparison to the prior year (as presented in the statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances on page 23).

Approximately 19% of the governmental funds combined fund balances or \$1,067,749 constitutes unassigned fund balance, which is available for spending at the City's discretion. The remainder of the fund balances are restricted and nonspendable to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is limited to capital projects (\$1,016,883), debt service (\$643,910), parks and stormwater (\$315,143), pensions (\$322,304), police training (\$4,214), sewer lateral (\$9,739), tax increment financing (TIF) (\$2,254,647), advances (\$30,000) and prepaid items (\$36,276).

Table 5 and Table 6 provide an overview of revenues by source and expenditures by function for all governmental funds.

	Ta	able 5				
Reve	nues and Other I		ces(Uses)			
ice ve		ental Funds	203(0303)			
	For the Y		For the Year Ended			
	March 31, 2022		March 31, 2021		Increase	
		Percent		Percent		crease)
Revenues by Source	Amount	Of Total	Amount	Of Total	``	nount
Property taxes	\$2,169,737	30.91 %	\$1,685,156	26.81 %	\$	484,581
Gross receipts taxes	739,169	10.53	686,223	10.92		52,946
Sales tax	2,751,370	39.19	2,475,779	39.39		275,591
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	506,751	7.22	353,173	5.61		153,578
Intergovernmental	654,478	9.32	967,769	15.39		(313,291)
Park and recreation programs	18,576	0.26	10,593	0.17		7,983
Investment income	765	0.01	1,791	0.03		(1,026)
Miscellaneous income	179,534	2.56	105,444	1.68	L	74,090
<b>T</b> . 1 <b>D</b>	<b>\$7.000.000</b>	100.00.0/	¢ < 205 020	100.00.0/	¢	504.450
Total Revenues	\$7,020,380	100.00 %	\$6,285,928	100.00 %	\$	734,452
				<b>.</b>		
	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022		For the Year Ended		Increase	
			March 31, 2021		(Decrease)	
Other Financing Sources(Uses)	Amount		Amount		Amount	
Sala of agnital agasta	¢	75.000	¢	0	\$	75.000
Sale of capital assets	\$	75,000	\$	U	Э	75,000
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	\$	75,000	\$	0	\$	75,000

Governmental funds expenditures increased by \$413,483 compared to fiscal year 2021 (see Table 6). The increase is primarily due to the restoration in the City's contribution for health insurance premiums to pre-COVID levels, employee health deductible payout and filling open public works staff position.

		Table 6						
Expenditures								
Governmental Funds								
	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022		For the Year Ended		T			
			March 31, 2021		Increase			
		Percent		Percent	(Decrease)			
Expenditures by Function	Amount	Of Total	Amount	Of Total	Amount			
Administration	\$ 701,805	10.74 %	\$ 713,347	11.65 %	\$ ( 11,542)			
Fire department	1,042,936	15.96	1,036,368	16.93	6,568			
Housing department	23,869	0.37	22,627	0.37	1,242			
Municipal court	84,684	1.30	113,957	1.86	( 29,273)			
Parks and recreation	208,161	3.18	172,167	2.81	35,994			
Police department	1,098,779	16.81	1,063,856	17.38	34,923			
Public works	360,623	5.51	360,543	5.89	80			
Capital outlay	1,040,818	15.93	477,465	7.80	563,353			
Debit service:			,		,			
Principal	1,150,000	17.60	1,300,000	21.24	(150,000)			
Interest and fiscal agent fees	823,571	12.60	861,433	14.07	( 37,862)			
Total Expanditures	\$ 6,535,246	100.00 %	\$ 6 121 762	100.00 %	\$ 413,483			
Total Expenditures	\$ 0,333,240	100.00 70	\$ 6,121,763	100.00 %	\$ 413,483			

**General Fund** – The General Fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of fiscal year 2022, the unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$1,067,749, which was 94% of its total fund balance of \$1,132,136. As a measure of the General Fund's liquidity, it is useful to compare both the unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to the total fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance and total fund balance represent 34% and 36% of total General Fund expenditures, respectively.

In fiscal year 2022, the General Fund's net change in fund balance before other financing sources (uses) increased \$191,159 which is an increase of 312,063 from fiscal year 2021. See Table 7 on the next page. This increase is primarily due to all categories of sales tax revenues rebounding 11% to 16%. In addition, there were increases in business licenses and court revenues and the sale of city owned land all offset by a modest increase in expenditures of 0.6%.

Table 7 General Fund – Schedule of Revenues, Expenditures, and Change in Fund Balance							
	For the Ended M	Increase					
	2022	2021	(Decrease)				
Revenues							
Property tax	\$ 364,249	\$ 299,128	\$ 65,12				
Gross receipts taxes	739,169	686,223	52,94				
Sales taxes	1,454,960	1,256,788	198,172				
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	506,751	353,173	153,57				
Intergovernmental	135,376	341,474	(206,098				
Investment income	386	881	(495				
Miscellaneous	98,360	31,205	67,15				
Total Revenues	3,299,251	2,968,872	330,37				
Expenditures							
Administration	501,160	493,199	7,96				
Fire department	1,042,936	1,036,368	6,56				
Housing department	23,869	22,627	1,24				
Municipal court	84,684	113,957	(29,273				
Police department	1,089,644	1,061,225	28,41				
Public works	360,623	360,543	8				
Capital outlay	5,176	1,857	3,31				
Total Expenditures	3,108,092	3,089,776	18,31				
Net Change in Fund Balance	\$ 191,159	\$(120,904)	\$ 312,06				

Key factors that affected the General Fund during the year were as follows:

- In fiscal year 2021, St. Louis County remitted protested property tax receipts to taxing authorities late and fiscal year 2022 included the protested property tax collections from fiscal year 2021 and 2022.
- Municipal court fines amounted to \$285,783 or 56% of the licenses, permits, fines and fees revenue. This is an increase of \$102,139 or 56% from the previous years as a result COVID-19 restrictions being lifted and court returning to in-person sessions.
- General Fund expenditures modest increase is attributed to the restoring reductions made during COVID-19 pandemic to include city's health insurance contribution level, hiring for open public works position, health deductible payouts offset by staff turn-over in the police department.

**Park Fund** – The fund balance of the Park Fund increased by \$45,121 during fiscal year 2022. Revenues increased \$54,107 or 10.7% compared to prior year due to Stormwater Parks sales tax rebounding. Expenditures increased by \$39,889 over the prior year primarily due the City restoring the health insurance premiums to the pre-COVID levels.

**Sewer Lateral Fund** – As of March 31, 2022, the fund balance was \$9,739. During the fiscal year, the Board of Aldermen approved an advance of \$30,000 from the general fund provide the fund with adequate cash flow. The sewer lateral fees are received at the end of the fiscal year.

**SW TIF Fund** – As of March 31, 2022, the fund balance was \$1,969,069, which was a decrease of \$158,673 from the prior year. The fluctuation in the SW TIF Fund is attributed to the timing of remitting pledged funds to the Trustee and payments of the principal and interest on the TIF bonds.

# CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

**General Capital Projects Fund** – Changes in the General Capital Projects Fund's fund balance will fluctuate between surpluses and deficits from year-to-year reflecting the general nature and purpose of the fund; to finance capital projects. In 2022, the fund's fund balance increased \$130,242. The City resume normal capital project acquisitions which were offset by the increase in the capital improvement sales taxes of 12.5%.

**Infrastructure Capital Projects Fund** – At the end of 2022, the Infrastructure Capital Projects Fund's ending fund balance was \$625,971, a decrease of \$227,781 from the prior year. Street and storm water improvement projects are all financed through this fund. As of March 31, 2022, street projects completed and capitalized total \$905,498. The City continues the focus on street improvements and maintains a tenyear street improvement long-term plan that is updated annually.

**Debt Service Fund** – At the end of 2022, the Debt Service Fund's ending fund balance was \$643,910, an increase of \$127,410 from the prior year. A key factor that affected the increase is in fiscal year 2021, St. Louis County remitted protested property tax receipts to taxing authorities late and fiscal year 2022 included the protested property tax collections from fiscal year 2021 and 2022.

# **Fiduciary Funds**

The City maintained a fiduciary fund for the assets of the uniformed personnel through the Uniformed Employee Pension Trust Fund. In 2016 the Missouri Legislature enacted RSMo70.621 which allows the Missouri Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LAGERS) to become the plan administrator and trustee of frozen pension plans initially created by local governments. As of February 1, 2022, the City transferred to LAGERS \$2,172,951 in assets so that LAGERS could assume the role of plan administrator and trustee of the Uniformed Employee Pension Trust Fund pension plan. As of the end of the current fiscal year ending March 31, 2022, the net position of the Pension Trust Fund totaled \$707.

# CAPITAL ASSETS AND DEBT ADMINISTRATION

## **Capital Assets**

As of March 31, 2022, the City had \$19,395,649 invested in a broad range of capital assets (net of accumulated depreciation) (see Table 8). This was an increase of \$163,573 from the previous year. The City's investment in capital assets included roads, park playground equipment, and vehicles. In response to the COVID-19 pandemic, the City prioritized street improvement projects.

Major capital asset completed during the fiscal year were street improvements in the amount of \$831,605.

Capita	Tab Il Assets, Net of Ac		eciation	
	March	1 31,	20220	Change
Asset Class	2022	2021	Amount	Percent
Land Construction in progress Buildings and improvements Vehicles Equipment Infrastructure	\$ 273,357 70,549 6,928,454 93,948 346,579 11,682,762	\$ 315,690 308,015 7,123,163 169,658 414,683 10,900,867	\$ (42,333) (237,466) (194,709) (75,710) (68,104) 781,895	(13.4) % (77.1) (2.7) (44.6) (16.4) 7.2
Total Capital Assets, Net	\$ 19,395,649	\$ 19,232,076	\$ 163,573	0.9 %

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note D in the notes to financial statements.

#### Long-term Liabilities

As of March 31, 2022, the City's long-term debt net of discounts and premiums total \$27,584,226 a decrease of \$1,203,912 or 4.2% compared to the prior year. Tax increment financing (TIF) debt is \$19,436,303 or 70.5% of the total long-term debt outstanding. The TIF debt is considered a special limited obligation of the City and is for infrastructure assets not owned by the City. The following is a summary of long-term liabilities: (see Table 9)

Long-tern	Tab n Liabilities, Net o		Premiums	
	Marcl	n 31,	2022 Ch	ange
Asset Class	2022	2021	Amount	Percent
General obligation bonds Tax increment revenue bonds Tax increment revenue notes Compensated absence	\$ 8,015,774 11,098,602 8,337,701 132,149	\$ 8,604,347 11,699,664 8,337,701 146,426	\$ (588,573) (601,062) - (14,277)	(6.8) % (5.1) (9.8)
Total Long-term Liabilities, Net	\$ 27,584,226	\$ 28,788,138	\$ (1,203,912)	(4.2) %

Additional information on the City's long-term liabilities can be found in Note H in the notes to financial statements.

## **GENERAL FUND BUDGETARY HIGHLIGHTS**

As of March 31, 2022, the City made amendments to the General Fund's original budget increasing expenditures \$153,690. Revenues were \$169,635 more than the final budget of \$3,129,616 primarily due the new voter approved use tax and the ARPA funds were not included in the budget amendment. Expenditures were \$80,580 below the final budget of \$3,188,672 due to various decreases in expenditures.

## ECONOMIC FACTORS AND NEXT YEAR'S BUDGET

- General Fund expenditure budget for fiscal year 2022 increased before transfers 5% compared to fiscal year 2022 final budget. The expenditure budget increase is primarily due to the restoration for the City's contribution for health insurance premiums, health deductible payouts and hire open public works position.
- The Mayor and Board of Aldermen remain committed to long-term financial planning. Annually, in conjunction with the budget process the five-year operational plans and the ten-year capital plans are updated. The City expects to receive the following benefits from the long-term financial plan: 1) Maintain stable tax rates for residents; 2) Balance budgets; 3) Ensure City capital funds remain stable and able to provide funding for continued street improvements; 4) Financial flexibility; 5) Improved service planning for the residents; 6) Sustainable growth; and 7) Manage low or no revenue growth.
- In January 2021, the Board of Aldermen approved a ballot measure for a Use Tax to supplement the City sales tax revenues. The voters approved the ballot measure in April 2021 and the City began receiving the additional sales tax monies in the 4<sup>th</sup> quarter of 2021. The FY2022-2023 budget anticipates \$130,000 in Use Tax revenue for the year. The Use Tax is expected to offset the decline in Telecommunications Tax revenue the City has seen over the last decade.
- The liability for the Uniformed Employee Pension Fund has been an on-going issue for more than a decade. The City has not been able to make the actuarially determined minimum annual contribution every year. Instead, the City would contribute as much money as was fiscally prudent. In 2016 the Missouri Legislature enacted RSMo70.621 allows the Missouri Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LAGERS) to become the plan administrator and trustee of frozen pension plans initially created by local governments. Transferring the Pension Fund's assets to LAGERS allows the City to take advantage of LAGERS' size and expertise ensuring that the pension plan will be sustainable until the last beneficiary is paid. It also provides the City with lower annual fixed contribution payments for a fifteen-year period. The City began the process of transferring the assets to LAGERS in May 2018. The market crash in December 2018 significantly reduced the value of the Pension Fund. The Board of Aldermen decided to hold off on moving the assets at that time. The passage, in April 2021, of a dedicated property tax to pay for pension obligations along with the improved value of the Pension Fund prompted the City to renew the transition process to LAGERS. The City moved the Pension Funds' assets to LAGERS in February 2022.

# CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI MANAGEMENT'S DISCUSSION AND ANALYSIS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

- The St. Louis County Executive in conjunction with the St. Louis County Health Department relaxed many of the restrictions initially imposed in 2020 to reduce the spread of COVID-19. The relaxing of the restrictions had a positive impact on the City's businesses, as they were able to reopen or increase their capacity to serve customers. The City also received its first tranche of American Rescue Plan Act (ARPA) funds in the fall of 2021. A portion, of these funds were used to restore many of the cuts the Mayor, Board of Aldermen, and city administrator implemented in the 2020/2021 fiscal year including
  - Restoring the City's contribution for health and dental insurance premiums to prepandemic levels
  - Filling staff vacancies

The ARPA funds allowed the City in its 2022/2023 budget to restore many of the departmental budget cuts and deferred capital expenses that were made due to the impact of COVID-19.

# **REQUESTS FOR INFORMATION**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the City's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

City of Rock Hill 827 N. Rock Hill Road Rock Hill, MO 63119

# CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2022

, ,		vernmental Activities
ASSETS:		
Cash and investments	. \$	5,566,121
Receivables, net:		
Property tax		194,590
Municipal taxes		403,613
Intergovernmental		49,084
Other		96,077
Prepaid items		36,276
Net pension asset		1,463,112
Capital assets:		
Land and construction in progress		343,906
Other capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation		19,051,743
TOTAL ASSETS	. \$	27,204,522
<b>DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES:</b>		
Deferred charge on refunding		78,860
Deferred amounts related to pension		
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		605,510
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFEOWS OF RESOURCES		005,510
LIABILITIES:		
Accounts payable		124,432
Accrued payroll		57,408
Accrued interest		5,488,811
Unearned revenues		357,945
Plan deposits		45,613
Appearance bonds		2,315
Noncurrent liabilities:		
Due within one year		1,084,289
Due in more than one year		26,499,937
Due in more than one year - net pension liability		729,942
TOTAL LIABILITIES		34,390,692
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES:		
Deferred amounts related to pension		1,786,128
TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES		1,786,128
		) ) -
NET POSITION:	¢	11 450 525
Net investment in capital assets	. \$	11,458,735
Restricted for:		1 01 6 000
Capital projects		1,016,883
Debt services		647,177
Parks and stormwater		317,032
Pensions		332,742
Police training		4,214
Sewer lateral		9,739
Tax increment financing		2,256,403
Unrestricted (deficit)		(24,409,713)
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$	(8,366,788)

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022	STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31	/ITIES RCH 31, 2	022		
				December 2		Net Revenues (Expenses) And Change In Not Docition
		5		In the second seco		TACE F OSTUDIE
	ŗ	Charges For		Operating Grants and	Capital Grants And	Governmental
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS Governmental Activities	Expenses	Services		Contributions	Contributions	Activities
Administration	\$ 972,381	\$ 221,	221,108 \$	112,672	s s	\$ (638,601)
Fire department			ı	I	2,400	(895,954)
Housing department	23,869		ı	I		(23,869)
Municipal court	85,576	288,	288,246	I	ı	202,670
Parks and recreation	278,907	18,	18,708	I	7,650	(252, 549)
Police department	837,169	, è	6,898	5,258	13,985	(811,028)
Public works	888,192		ı	401,830	161,495	(324,867)
Interest on long-term debt and fiscal charges			' 000			(1,812,445)
I otal Governmental Activities	\$ 5,796,893	534,	534,960	519,760	185,530	(4,556,643)
	Taxes: Taxes: <u>Property taxes levied for:</u> General purposes	<u>vied for:</u> oses				326.081
	Deht service					830.246
	Doucion					
	Sales tax levied for:	or:				332,142
	General purposes	oses				976,478
	Fire protection	nc				203,156
	Public safety					275,326
	Capital improvement.	ovement				347,951
	Park and stormwater.	mwater				409,819
	Cigarette taxes					22,705
	Franchise taxes					49,128
	TIF revenues					1,093,568
	Utility gross receipts	ipts				690,041
	Investment income	le.				765
	Gain on sale of capital assets	apital assets				32,667
	Other revenues					98,849
	Total General Revenues	nues				5,689,522
	CHANGE IN NET POSITION	r position.				1,132,879
	NET POSITION, A	APRIL 1			NET POSITION, APRIL 1	(9,499,667)

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI

The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.

ASSTS: FindGeneral FindPark FindSever ImageSW TF FindSever FindSW TF FindASSTS: Cash and investmentsCash and investmentsSSSSW TFSW TFCash and investmentsI alterial UnsertictedSSSSSW TFSW TFHeld by tuske.I alterialI alterialI alterialSSSSSSUnsertictedI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialT2.117T2.117UnsertictedI alterialI alterialI alterialT2.117T2.117Property ta: IntegovermentedI alterialI alterialI alterialT2.117Advance for OtherOtherI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialAdvance for Advance for I alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialAdvance for Advance for I and alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialAdvance for Advance for I and alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialAdvance for Advance for I and alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialAdvance for Advance for I and alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialI alterialAdvance for Advance for I and alterianI alterialI alte	Sewer Lateral 38,819	48.00     1.00     1.00     1.00     1.00       200     200     1.00     1.00     1.00	General Capital Projects Fund 51,404 51,404 - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	Infrastructure Capital Projects Fund 620,945 45,300	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
S       S       S       S       S       TG2.634       S         1,225,231       256,807       38,819       72,117       72,117         1,225,231       256,807       38,819       72,117       72,117         1,225,231       256,807       38,819       72,117       72,117         1,225,231       256,807       38,819       72,117       72,117         3,784       -       -       -       -       -         3,734       -       -       -       -       -       -         3,734       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -	38,819 38,819 1,320 1,320 40,139 - - - - - - - - -		349,277 51,404 51,404 - - 9,769 -			CHILD I	CINITIN T
	38,819 38,819 1,320 1,320 1,320 400 30,400		349,277 51,404 51,404 - - 9,769 - -	U U			
$ \begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	38,819 38,819 - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		349,277 51,404 51,404 - - 9,769 - -	Ψ.			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	38,819 	1,098,469 72,117 35,849 - - - - - - - - - -	349,277 51,404 - - - - 9,769 - -	- 620,945 - 45,300	۰ S	' S	\$ 762,634
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	38,819       30,000     	72,117 35,849	349,277 51,404 - - - 9,769 - - -	620,945 - - 45,300	'	I	1,098,469
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	35,849 	51,404 - - - - - - - 9,769 - -	45,300	563,100	578,722	3,705,018
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	- - - - - 400 - - - - 30,400 - -	35,849 	51,404 - - - - - - - - - - - -	45,300			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	- - - - - - - - - - - - - -	35,849   	51,404  	45,300	107,591	44,765	194,590
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,320 1,320 40,139 400 30,000 30,400		9,769	45,300	'	565	403,613
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1,320 		9,769		'		49,084
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	40,139 40,139 30,000 30,400		9,769	7,550	I	238	96,077
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	40,139 400 30,000 30,4000		9,769		ı		36,276
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	40,139 400 30,000 30,400		9,769 		ı	1	30,000
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	400 30,000 30,400		9,769 	673,795	670,691	624,290	6,375,761
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	400 30,000   	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	9,769 - - -				
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30,000			47 874	i	1	174437
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30,000	· · · · ·   ·  ·		F7067F	I	I	201,721
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30,400	· · · · · · · · · · · ·				•	004,10
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30,400	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		I	I	I	42,013
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30,400	 • •  •  • 	· · ·	•	'	•	2,315
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	30,000	 	1	ı	ı		357,945
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	30,400	 		'	'	ı	30,000
$\begin{array}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$		ï	9,769	47,824	ı	T	617,713
$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	1 I I	ı					
7/707 $   -$ Inflows of Resources       18,208       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -<					26,781	12,194	49,476
Inflows of Resources     18,208     -     -       ind advances     30,000     -     -       34,387     1,889     -       "ater							7,707
Ind advances		   '	'	1	26,781	12,194	57,183
ind advances							
terfund advances							
instruction advances							
IS		ı	I	I	I	ı	30,000
cots       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -       -		ı	I	I	I	ı	30,2/0
pccts							
e			390,912	1/6,029		'	1,016,883
tornwater				•	643,910	•	643,910
ing			I	ı	ı		315,143
ing		ı	ı	•	'	322,304	322,304
al			ı			4,214	4,214
ent financing	9,739	ı	ı		'		9,739
year's budget		1,969,069	ı	ı	ı	285,578	2,254,647
Subsequent year's budget							
Ilnassioned			,	ı	ı		1.067.749
	9.739	1.969.069	390.912	625.971	643.910	612.096	5.700.865
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES AND FUND BALANCES \$ 1.677.924 \$ 319.172 \$ 40.139 \$ 1.969.069 \$	40.139		400.681	\$ 673.795	\$ 670.691	\$ 624.290	\$ 6.375.761

# CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE BALANCE SHEET OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION MARCH 31, 2022

Total Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 5,700,865
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of net position are different because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. The cost of the assets is \$25,181,727 and the accumulated depreciation is \$5,786,078	19,395,649
Certain amounts are not a use of financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the governmental funds. These items consist of:	
Net pension liability	1,463,112 (729,942)
Deferred outflows - pension related	526,650
Deferred inflows - pension related	(1,786,128)
Some revenues are not available soon enough to pay for current expenditures	
and are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds	57,183
Certain long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported as liabilities in the governmental funds. Long-term liabilities at year-end consist of:	
Accrued compensation absences	(132,149)
Accrued interest payable	(5,488,811)
Bonds payable	(7,469,974)
Tax increment financing bonds	(11,220,000)
Tax increment financing notes	(8,337,701)
Deferred amount on refunding	78,860
Unamortized bond premium	(545,800)
Unamortized bond discount	 121,398
Total Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ (8,366,788)

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE VEAR FNDED MARCH 31, 2022	
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	General Fund	Park Fund	Sewer Lateral Fund	SW TIF Fund	General Capital Proiects Fund	Infrastructure Capital Projects Fund	Debt Service Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
REVENUES					6	,			
Property tax	. \$ 364,249	•	•	\$ 487,457	•	•	\$ 928,303	\$ 389,728	\$ 2,169,737
Gross receipts taxes	. 739,169			ı					739,169
Sales tax	. 1,454,960	409,819		530,669	347,951	·	'	7,971	2,751,370
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	. 506,751					·	'		506,751
Intergovernmental	. 135,376				16,385	502,717			654,478
Park and recreation programs	ı	18,576		'			'		18,576
Investment income	. 386	•		379	·			ı	765
Miscellaneous	98,360	7,782	60,607	·	5,950			6,835	179,534
Total Revenues	3,299,251	436,177	60,607	1,018,505	370,286	502,717	928,303	404,534	7,020,380
EXPENDITURES									
Current:									
Administration	501,160	ı	I	4,500	196,145	I	ı	I	701,805
Fire department	1,042,936	•		'			'		1,042,936
Housing department	. 23,869						'		23,869
Municipal court	. 84,684			ı					84,684
Parks and recreation	'	208,161							208,161
Police department	. 1,089,644			ı				9,135	1,098,779
Public works	. 360,623					·	'		360,623
Capital outlay	. 5,176	7,895	78,350	ı	43,899	905,498	ı	I	1,040,818
Debt services:									
Principal.			ı	610,000			540,000		1,150,000
Interest and fiscal agent fees		'	'	562,678		ı	260,893	'	823,571
Total Expenditures	. 3,108,092	216,056	78,350	1,177,178	240,044	905,498	800,893	9,135	6,535,246
REVENUES OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	191,159	220,121	(17,743)	(158, 673)	130,242	(402, 781)	127,410	395,399	485,134
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in						175 000			175 000
Transfers out		- 175 0001				1 1.000			(175,000)
Sale of capital assets	75,000	-	·	·	'			ſ	75,000
Total Other Financing Sources(Uses)	. 75,000	(175,000)	·	·	·	175,000		ľ	75,000
NET CHANCE IN BUILD BALANCE	021 220	101.31		(150 277)	C1C 021		017 201	305 300	121 023
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	40,121	(64/,/1)	(6/0,061)	130,242	(101,121)	12/,410	666,060	900,134
LUND BALANCES, APRIL 1	865,977	271,911	27,482	2,127,742	260,670	853,752	516,500	216,697	5,140,731
Gerund BALANCES, MARCH 31	. \$ 1,132,136	\$ 317,032	\$ 9,739	\$ 1,969,069	\$ 390,912	\$ 625,971	\$ 643,910	\$ 612,096	\$ 5,700,865
24		The notes to fin	The notes to financial statements are an integral part of this statement.	re an integral part	of this statement.				

# CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

Net Change In Fund Balances - Governmental Funds	\$ 560,134
Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are difference because:	
Capital outlays are reported in the governmental funds as expenditures, however, in the statement of activities, the cost of those assets are allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlays over the capitalization threshold (\$908,674) exceeded depreciation (\$702,768) in the current period.	205,906
In the statement of activities, the gain(loss) on the disposition of capital assets is reported. The fund financial statements recognize only the proceeds from the sale of those assets. Gain(loss) on disposal of capital assets	(42,333)
The governmental funds report bond proceeds as an other financing source, while repayment of bond principal is reported as an expenditure. In the statement of net assets, however, issuing debt increased long-term liabilities and does not affect the statement of activities. Similarly, repayment of principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds financial statements but reduces the long-term liabilities in the statement of net assets. Repayments during the current year:	
Bonds payable         Amortization of premiums on debt issuance         Amortization of discount on debt issuance         Amortization of deferred charges on refunding	1,150,000 48,573 (8,938) (18,793)
Revenues in the statement of activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the governmental funds: Deferred revenues	(123,275)
Under the modified accrual basis of accounting used in the governmental funds financial statements, expenditures are not recognized for transactions that are not normally paid with expendable accrual basis of accounting, expenses and liabilities are reported regardless of when financial resources are available. The net changes of these items are:	(123,273)
Accrued compensated absences liability Accrued interest Net pension liability	14,277 (1,009,716) 1,765,559
Deferred outflows - pension related Deferred inflows - pension related	 (413,235) (995,280)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,132,879

# CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -FIDUCIARY FUNDS MARCH 31, 2022

		nsion st Fund
ASSETS		
Cash	\$	707
Accrued interest and dividends		
TOTAL ASSETS		707
LIABILITIES		
None		-
TOTAL LIABILITIES		
NET POSITION	¢	707
Restricted for pension	\$	/0/

# CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION -PENSION TRUST FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Т	Pension rust Fund
ADDITIONS		
Investment income		
Interest and dividends	\$	68,029
Net appreciation in fair value of investments		102,781
Total Investment Income (Expense)		170,810
Employer contributions		-
Total Additions		170,810
DEDUCTIONS		105 000
Benefits paid		187,809
Fees paid		5,853
Transfer to LAGERS		2,172,951
Total Deductions		2,366,613
CHANGE IN NET POSITION		(2,195,803)
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION, APRIL 1		2,196,510
NET POSITION RESTRICTED FOR PENSION, MARCH 31	\$	707

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The **CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI** (the City) was incorporated on April 29, 1929. The City operates under a Mayor-Board of Alderman-Administrator form of government and provides the following services: public safety (police and fire), public works, parks and recreation, housing, judicial, and general administrative services.

The accounting policies and financial reporting practices of the City conform to accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America as applied to governmental entities. The following is a summary of the more significant policies.

# 1. Reporting Entity

The financial statements of the City include the financial activities of the City and any component units, entities which are financially accountable to the City. The City does not currently have any component units.

#### 2. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the primary government. For the most part, the effect of interfund activity has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on fees and charges for support.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function or segment is offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function or segment. Program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function or segment. Taxes and other items that are not generated by programs are reported instead as general revenues.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds and fiduciary funds, even though the latter are excluded from the government-wide financial statements. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

#### 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the accrual basis of accounting, as are Pension Trust Fund financial statements. The Agency Fund's financial statements are reported using the accrual basis of accounting with no economic resources measurement focus. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Property taxes are recognized as revenues in the year for which they are levied. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

# 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Governmental funds financial statements are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accountings. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be measurable and available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the City considers revenues to be available if they are collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, are recorded only when payment is due (i.e., matured).

Property taxes, franchise taxes, licenses, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. All other revenue items are considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the City.

The City reports the following major governmental funds:

**General Fund** – The General Fund accounts for all activities except those required to be accounted for in another fund. Revenues in this fund are derived from taxes, fees, and other sources that are used for general ongoing government services such as police, fire, public works, and administration.

**Park Fund** – The Park Fund is used to account for park and stormwater sales taxes and grants to be used for park operations, improvements, and stormwater.

**Sewer Lateral Fund** – The Sewer Lateral Fund is used for the sewer lateral insurance fees restricted specifically for repairs of broken single-family and condominium residential sewer laterals.

**SW TIF Fund** – The SW TIF Fund is used to account for tax increment financing revenue from the SW redevelopment area.

**General Capital Projects Fund** – The General Capital Projects Fund is used to account for revenues derived from capital improvement sales taxes and grants to be used for the acquisition, construction, improvements, or maintenance for City equipment, vehicles or facilities.

**Infrastructure Capital Projects Fund** – The Infrastructure Capital Projects Fund is used to account for revenues derived from motor vehicle taxes, road and bridge taxes, and grants to be used for the constructions, improvements, or maintenance of infrastructure relating to streets and sidewalks.

**Debt Service Fund** – The Debt Service Fund is used to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of, general long-term debt principal, interest, and related costs.

# 3. Measurement Focus, Basis of Accounting, and Financial Statement Presentation (Continued)

Additionally, the City reports the following fund types

**Pension Trust Fund** – The Pension Trust Fund is used to account for assets held in a trustee capacity for the City's eligible employees.

As a general rule the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges and various other functions of the City. Eliminations of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for the various functions concerned.

Amounts reported as program revenues include 1) charges to customers or applicants for goods, services, or other benefits provided; 2) operating grants and contributions: and 3) capital grants and contributions. Internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues. Likewise, general revenues include all taxes.

## 4. Cash and Investments

The City considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents. State statutes authorize the City to invest in obligations of U.S. Treasury, federal agencies, commercial paper, corporate bonds, and repurchase agreements. Pension Funds may also invest in mutual funds. Investments are stated at fair value.

#### 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The City only has two items that qualifies for reporting in this category. These items are deferred charge on refunding and deferred amounts related to pension reported in the government-wide statement of net position. A deferred charge on refunding results from the difference in the carrying value of refunded debt and its reacquisition price. This amount is deferred and amortized over the shorter of the life of the refunded or refunding debt. The deferred amounts related to pension are differences between expected and actual experience, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and changes of assumptions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over six years.

## 5. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources (Continued)

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred inflows of resources, represents an acquisition of net assets that applies to a future period(s) and so will not be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The City has only two types of items, which arises only under a modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. The item, deferred amounts related to pension reported in the government-wide statement of net position. The deferred amounts related to pension are differences between expected and actual experience, net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments, and changes of assumptions. These amounts are deferred and amortized over five years. Accordingly, the item, unavailable revenue, is reported only in the governmental funds balance sheet. The governmental funds report unavailable revenues from two sources: property taxes and court fines and cost. These amounts are deferred and recognized as an inflow of resources in the period that the amounts become available.

## 6. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include property, equipment, and infrastructure (e.g., roads, bridges, sidewalks, and similar items), are reported in the governmental activities column in the government-wide financial statements, net of accumulated depreciation. Capital assets are defined by the City as assets with an initial cost of more than \$5,000 and an estimated useful life in excess of one year. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost if purchased or constructed. Donated capital assets, donated works of art and similar items, and capital assets received in a service arrangement are recorded at estimated acquisition value as of the date of donation.

The cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized.

The City has elected not to record the historical cost of infrastructure placed in service prior to April 1, 2004.

Depreciation is being computed on the straight-line method with no depreciation in the year placed in service, using asset lives as follows:

Assets	Years
Buildings and improvements	10 - 40
Vehicles	5 - 7
Equipment	7 - 25
Infrastructure	40

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### 7. Compensated Absences

The City accrues compensated absences when vested. The current and noncurrent portions are recorded in the government-wide financial statements.

Vacation benefits accrue to employees based on their anniversary date of employment and are limited to a maximum of ten days over the employee's yearly entitlement. Upon leaving employment of the City, an employee is entitled to payment for accrued vacation.

Compensatory time accrues to a maximum of 240 hours for Fire Fighters, 80 hours for Police Officers, and 40 hours for all other employees. Sick leave accrues to a maximum of 648 hours for Fire Fighters and 480 hours for all other employees. Upon leaving employment of the City, an employee is not entitled to payment for accrued sick leave.

#### 8. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight-line method. Bonds payable are reported net of applicable bond premium or discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well bond issuance costs, during the current period. The face amounts of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on a debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

#### 9. Property Taxes

Property taxes attach as an enforceable lien on property as of January 1, based on the assessed value of the property. Taxes are levied in October and are due and payable on or before December 31.

Property tax revenue is recognized to the extent it is collected within 60 days after year-end in the fund financial statements. Property taxes not collected within 60 days of year-end are deferred for fund financial statements but are recognized as revenue in the government-wide financial statements.

All property tax assessment, billing, and collection functions are handled by the St. Louis County government. Taxes collected are remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector (the County Collector) in the month subsequent to the actual collection date. Taxes held by the County Collector, if any, are included in property taxes receivable in the accompanying fund financial statements.

## NOTE A – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

#### **10. Allowance**

Taxes and bonds receivable are shown net of an allowance for uncollectible accounts of \$9,238.

#### 11. Advances and Due To/From Other Funds

Noncurrent portions of long-term interfund loans receivable (reported in "advances to" asset accounts) are equally offset by a fund balance nonspendable account which indicates that they do not constitute "available spendable resources." Current portions of long-term interfund loans receivable (reported in "due from" asset accounts) are considered "available spendable resources" and are subject to elimination upon consolidation.

#### 12. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items are recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

#### **13. Use of Estimates**

The preparation of basic financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the amounts reported in the basic financial statements and the accompanying notes. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### 14. Fund Balance Policies

The City's policy is to report the fund balance in the following categories, when applicable, listed from the most restrictive to the least restrictive:

**Nonspendable** – The portion of fund balance that is not in a spendable form or is required to be maintained intact.

**Restricted** – The portion of fund balance that is subject to external restrictions and constrained to specific purposes imposed by agreement, through constitutional provisions, or by enabling legislation.

**Committed** – The portion of fund balance with constraints or limitations by formal action of the Board of Aldermen, the highest level of decision-making authority.

**Assigned** – The portion of fund balance that the City intends to use for a specific purpose as determined by the applicable City officials to which the Board of Aldermen has designated authority.

#### 14. Fund Balance Policies (Continued)

**Unassigned** – Amounts that are available for any purpose. The General Fund is the only fund that reports a positive unassigned fund balance amount. In other governmental funds it is not appropriate to report a positive unassigned fund balance amount. However, in governmental funds other than the General Fund, if expenditures incurred for specific purposes exceed the amount that are restricted, committed, or assigned to those purposes, it may be necessary to report a negative unassigned fund balance in that fund.

When both restricted and unrestricted resources are available, the City will spend the most restricted amounts before the least restricted – restricted, committed, assigned, and then unassigned.

The fund balance of the City's General Fund has been accumulated to provide stability and flexibility to respond to unexpected adversity and/or opportunities. The target is to maintain an unassigned fund balance of not less than 25% of annual operating expenditures for the fiscal year.

#### 15. Net Position

Net Position represents the difference between assets and liabilities. Net investment in capital assets represents the cost of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, reduced by the outstanding balance of any long-term debt used to build or acquire the capital assets. Net position is reported as restricted when there are limitations imposed on their use either through the enabling legislation or through external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, or laws or regulations of other governments. All other net position is reported as unrestricted.

## NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

#### 1. Deposits

Custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the City's deposits may not be returned or the City will not be able to recover collateral securities in the possession of an outside party. The City's bank deposits are required by state law to be secured by the deposit of certain securities specified at RSMo 30.270 with the City or trustee institution. The value of the securities must be at least equal to the total of the City's cash not insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation. As of March 31, 2022, the City's bank balance of \$3,987,579 was fully insured by depository insurance and collateralized with securities held by the Federal Reserve Bank.

The deposits and investments held at March 31, 2022, and reported at fair value, are as follows:

Туре	<b>Carrying Value</b>
Deposits:	
Demand deposits	\$ 3,704,368
Cash on hand	650
Pension Trust:	
Cash on hand	707
	3,705,725
Pooled Investments:	i
Money market mutual funds	1,861,103
Total Deposits and Investments	\$ 5,566,828
<b>Reconciliation to the Financial Statements:</b>	
Statement of Net Position:	
Cash and Investments:	
Governmental Activities	\$ 5,566,121
Statement of Fiduciary Net Position:	
Cash and Investments:	
Held by trustees – Pension Trust Fund	707
	\$ 5,566,828

## NOTE B – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (continued)

#### 2. Investments

As of March 31, 2022, the City held the following investments:

					Matur	ities			
Investments	Fair Value	No Maturity			1 – 5 Years		6 – 10 Years		Credit Risk
Primary Government Money market funds	\$1,861,103	\$1,861,103	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	Not rated
Total Investments	\$1,861,103	\$ 1,861,103	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	

#### 3. Investment Policies:

**Credit Risk** is the risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations. The City's investment policy states that they minimize credit risk by prequalifying the financial institutions, brokers/dealers, and advisors with which the City will do business and diversifying the portfolio to reduce potential losses on individual securities.

**Interest Rate Risk** is the risk that changes in interest rates will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Investments held for longer periods are subject to increased risk of adverse interest rate changes. The City's investment policy states that they minimize interest rate risk by structuring the investment portfolio so that securities mature to meet cash requirements for ongoing operations, thereby avoiding the need to sell securities on the open market prior to maturity, and investing primarily in shorter term securities.

**Concentration of Credit Risk** is the risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of the City's investment in a single issuer. The City's investment policy states that they minimize concentration of credit risk by diversifying the investment portfolio.

#### 4. Fair Value Measurements:

The City classifies its fair value measurements within the fair value hierarchy established by accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The hierarchy is based on the valuation inputs used to measure the fair value of the asset. Level 1 inputs are quoted prices in active markets for identical assets; Level 2 inputs are significant other observable inputs; Level 3 inputs are significant unobservable inputs.

The inputs and methodologies used for valuing investment securities are not necessarily an indication of risk associated with investing in those securities.

The Primary Government did not have any investments subject to fair value level classification as of March 31, 2022.

The Fiduciary Fund did not have any investments subject to fair value level classification as of March 31, 2022.

## NOTE C – PROPERTY TAX

The City's property tax is levied annually on or before October 1 based on the assessed valuation of all real and personal property located in the City as of the previous January 1. Assessed valuations are established by the St. Louis County Assessor. Rock Hill citizen's approved a 34 cent property tax to be used for General Government Services and 24 cent property tax to be used for pensions. The City's tax rate per \$100 of assessed valuation is levied as follows.

	Real	Estate	
	<u>Residential</u>	<u>Commercial</u>	<u>Personal</u> <u>Property</u>
General government services Pension Debt service	\$ 0.2080 0.2300 0.5900	\$ 0.2500 0.2300 0.5900	\$ 0.3400 0.2300 0.5900
Total property tax levied:	\$ 1.0280	\$ 1.0700	\$ 1.1600

Taxes are billed October 1, are due and collectible on December 31, and are delinquent and represent a lien on related property on January 1 of the following year. Taxes are billed, and remitted to the City by the St. Louis County Collector.

# NOTE D – CAPITAL ASSETS

The following is a summary of changes in capital assets:

	For The Year Ended March 31, 2022			
	Balance March 31, 2021	Additions	Deletions	Balance March 31, 2022
Capital assets not being depreciated:				
Land	\$ 315,690	\$ -	\$ 42,333	\$ 273,357
Construction in progress	308,015	70,549	308,015	70,549
Total Capital Assets Not Being				
Depreciated	623,705	70,549	350,348	343,906
Capital assets being depreciated:				
Buildings and improvements	7,707,969	-	-	7,707,969
Vehicles	1,442,655	-	-	1,442,655
Equipment	774,806	6,520	5,170	776,156
Infrastructure	13,771,421	1,139,620	-	14,911,041
Total Capital Assets Being				
Depreciated	23,696,851	1,146,140	5,170	24,837,821
Less-Accumulated depreciation for:				
Buildings and improvements	584,806	194,709	-	779,515
Vehicles	1,272,997	75,710	-	1,348,707
Equipment	360,123	74,624	5,170	429,577
Infrastructure	2,870,554	357,725	-	3,228,279
Total Accumulated Depreciation	5,088,480	702,768	5,170	5,786,078
Total Capital Assets Being Depreciated,				
Net	18,608,371	443,372	-	19,051,743
Capital Assets, Net	\$ 19,232,076	\$ 513,921	\$ 350,348	\$19,395,649

Depreciation expense was charged to functions/programs of the primary government as follows:

	For The Year Ended March 31, 2022
Administration	\$ 113,377
Fire department	66,692
Parks and recreation department	60,807
Police department	23,123
Public works	438,769
Total	\$ 702,768

## NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS

#### Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System

#### 1. Plan Description

The City's employees participate in the Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (LAGERS), an agent multiple-employer public employee retirement system that acts as a common investment and administrative agent for local government entities in Missouri. LAGERS is a defined benefit pension plan, which provides retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members and beneficiaries. LAGERS was created and is governed by statute, Section RSMo 70.600 – 70.755. As such, it is LAGERS' responsibility to administer the law in accordance with the expressed intent of the General Assembly. The plan is qualified under the Internal Revenue Code Section 401(a) and it is tax exempt. LAGERS issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and required supplemental information. That report may be obtained by writing to LAGERS, P.O. Box 1665, Jefferson City, MO 65102 or by calling 1-800-447-4334.

#### 2. Benefits Provided

LAGERS provides retirement, death and disability benefits. Benefit provisions are adopted by the governing body of the City, within the options available in the state statutes governing LAGERS. All benefits vest after 5 years of credited service. Employees who retire on or after age 60 (55 for police and fire) with 5 or more years of service are entitled to an allowance for life based upon the benefit program information provided below. Employees may retire with an early retirement benefit with a minimum of 5 years of credited service and after attaining age 55 (50 for police and fire) and receive a reduced allowance.

Benefit multiplier – general, police and fire	1.25%
Final average salary	5 years

Benefit terms provide for annual post retirement adjustments to each member's retirement allowance subsequent to the member's retirement date. The annual adjustment is based on the increase in the Consumer price Index and is limited to 4% per year.

#### 3. Employees Covered by Benefit Terms

At June 30, 2021, the following employees were covered by the benefit terms:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	16
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	12
Active employees	31
Total	59

## **NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

#### **Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (Continued)**

#### 4. Contributions

The City is required to contribute amounts at least equal to the actuarially determined rate, as established by LAGERS. The actuarially determined rate is the estimated amount necessary to finance the cost of benefits earned by employees during the year, with an additional amount of finance an unfunded accrued liability. The City contribution rates are 0.6% (General), 13.2% (Police) and 11.6% (Fire) of annual covered payroll.

#### 5. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2021, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of February 28, 2021.

#### 6. Actuarial Assumptions

The total pension liability in the February 28, 2021 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	2.75% wage inflation; 2.25% price inflation
Salary increase	2.75% to 6.75% including wage inflation
Investment rate of return	7.00% net of investment expenses

The healthy retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubG-2010 Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality, used in evaluating allowances to be paid were 115% of the PubNS-2010 Disabled Retiree Mortality Table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were 75% of the PubG-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of General groups and 75% of the PubS-2010 Employee Mortality Table for males and females of Police, Fire, and Public Safety groups.

Mortality rates for a particular calendar year are determined by applying the MP-2020 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables.

The actuarial assumptions used in the February 28, 2021 valuation were based on the results of an actuarial experience study for the period March 1, 2011 through February 28, 2016.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using a model method in which the best-estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of investment expenses and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighting the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The target allocation and best estimates of arithmetic real rates of return for each major asset class are summarized in the following table.

# **NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

#### Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (Continued)

Asset Class	Target Allocation	Long-term Expected Real Rate of Return
Alpha	15.0%	3.67%
Equity	35.0	4.16
Fixed Income	31.0	1.05
Real assets	36.0	2.09
Strategic Assets	8.0	5.25
Cash/leverage	(25.0)	(0.29)

#### 7. Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability is 7.00%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumes that employer and employee contributions will be made at the rates agreed upon for the employees and the actuarially determined rates for employers. Based on these assumptions, the pension plan's fiduciary net position was projected to be available to pay all projected future benefit payments of current active and inactive employees. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payment to determine the total pension liability.

# **NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

# Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (Continued)

# 8. Changes in the Net Pension Liability/(Asset)

A.	To	tal Pension Liability		
	1.	Service Cost	\$	151,909
	2.	Interest on Total Pension Liability		401,360
	3.	Changes of Benefit Terms		-
	4.	Difference between expected and actual experience of the		
		Total Pension Liability	(	464,223)
	5.	Changes of Assumptions		(97,526)
	6.	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions	(	158,162)
	7.	Net change in total pension liability	(	166,642)
	8.	Total Pension liability – June 30, 2020	5	,557,903
	9.	Total Pension liability – June 30, 2021	\$5	,391,261
B.	Pla	n Fiduciary Net Position		
	1.	Contributions – employer	\$	163,428
	2.	Contributions – employee		-
	3.	Net investment income	1	,506,947
	4.	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		158,162)
	5.	Pension plan administrative expense		(5,036)
	6.	Other (Net Transfers)	(	244,539)
	7.	Net Change in plan fiduciary net position	1	,262,638
	8.	Plan fiduciary net position – June 30, 2020	5	,591,735
	9.	Plan fiduciary net position – June 30, 2021	\$6	,854,373
				· · ·
C.	Net	pension liability/(asset)	\$(1,	463,112)
D.		n fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	· ·	127.14%
		vered payroll	\$1	,879,861
		pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll		(77.83)%

## **NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

#### Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (Continued)

#### 9. Sensitivity of the Net Pension Liability to Change in the Discount Rate

The following presents the new pension liability of the employer, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00% as well as what the employer's net pension liability would be using a discount rate that is 1% point lower (6.00%) or 1% point higher (8.00%) than the current rate.

	1%	Current Single Discount Rate	1%
	Decrease 6.00%	Assumption 7.00%	Increase 8.00%
Net pension liability (asset)	\$ (696,410)	\$ (1,463,112)	\$ (2,100,000)

## 10. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended March 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$118,633. Reported deferred outflows and inflows of resources are related to the following sources.

	Outflows	Inflows	Net Outflows
Differences in experience	\$ 179,687	\$ (467,685)	\$ (287,998)
Assumption changes	25,035	(90,242)	(65,207)
Excess (deficit) investment returns	-	(721,361)	(721,361)
Contributions subsequent to the			
measurement date*	115,871	-	115,871
Total	\$ 320,593	\$(1,279,288)	\$ (958,695)

\*The amount reported as deferred outflows of resources resulting from contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction in the net pension liability for the next year.

Amounts reported as deferred outflows and inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in the pension expense as follows:

For The	
Years Ending	
June 30	
2022	\$ (256,686)
2023	(222,695)
2024	(251, 102)
2025	(306,373)
2026	(17,016)
Thereafter	(20,694)
Total	\$ (1,074,566)

## **NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

#### Missouri Local Government Employees Retirement System (Continued)

#### **11. Payable to the Pension Plan**

As of March 31, 2022, the City had no outstanding amounts for contributions due to the pension plan.

#### Pension Plan for the Uniformed Employees' of the City of Rock Hill

In 2016 the Missouri Legislature enacted RSMo70.621 which allows the Missouri Local Government Employees' Retirement System (LAGERS) to become the plan administrator and trustee of frozen pension plans initially created by local governments. As of February 1, 2022, the City transferred to LAGERS \$2,172,951 in assets so that LAGERS could assume the role of plan administrator and trustee of the Uniformed Employee Pension Trust Fund. Transferring the Pension Fund's assets to LAGERS allows the City to take advantage of LAGERS' size and expertise ensuring that the pension plan will be sustainable until the last beneficiary is paid. It provides the City with a lower annual fixed contribution payments for a fifteen-year period.

#### 1. Plan Summary

*Plan description:* The Uniformed Employees' Pension Plan (the Plan), is a closed, singleemployer, defined benefit pension plan administered by the City of Rock Hill covering all fulltime employees of the Police and Fire Departments of the City hired before October 28, 2003. The Plan was created and governed by ordinance in accordance with state statutes. The Plan may be amended under the provisions of the original ordinance.

The Plan does not issue a separate financial report.

*Plan administration:* Management of the Plan is vested in the Uniformed Employees' Pension Board, which consists of five members—the Mayor and City Treasurer, who serves as exofficio members, two elected by plan members, one appointed by the Mayor.

*Plan membership:* As of March 31, 2022, membership in the Plan is comprised of the following:

Inactive employees or beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	17
Inactive employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	7
Active employees	0
	24

*Benefits provided:* Covered employees are vested in their Accrued Monthly Pension Benefit after 5 or more years of vesting service.

## **NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

#### Pension Plan for the Uniformed Employees of the City of Rock Hill (Continued)

#### 1. Plan Summary (Continued)

Covered employees who have attained the age of 60 years and have 20 years of vesting service shall be eligible for normal retirement benefits. Covered employees who have attained the age of 50 years and have 10 years of vesting service shall be eligible for early retirement benefits.

Participants who had not started receiving benefits by May 1, 2003 shall be eligible to receive 30% of their final average monthly compensation reduced by  $1/20^{\text{th}}$  for each year of benefit service at normal retirement less than 20 years plus a temporary benefit of 20% of final average monthly compensation reduced  $1/20^{\text{th}}$  for each year of benefit service at normal retirement less than 20 years. This temporary benefit shall be payable only until the participant reaches age 62.

Participants who were age 50 or had 15 years of service as of April 30, 2003 shall be eligible for 50% of their final average monthly compensation reduced by  $1/20^{\text{th}}$  for each year of benefit service at normal retirement less than 20 years.

Final average compensation is defined as the participant's highest average five consecutive completed plan years' earnings prior to retirement or termination. Years of benefit service is defined as the number of full years of continuous service from the date of hire. The monthly normal retirement pension is payable for the life of the participant with 120 payments guaranteed.

*Contributions:* As of March 31, 2022, the City did not have a formal contribution policy. Annual contributions made to the Plan over the last five years averaged 53% of the Actuarial Required Contribution (ARC). Based on the actuary's recommendation, the City will research a contribution policy that better reflects the facts that the Plan is frozen and the number of active participants is declining.

#### 2. Net Pension Liability

The City's net pension liability was measured as of March 31, 2022, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The General Fund has typically been used in prior years to liquidate pension liabilities.

*Actuarial assumptions:* The total pension liability in the March 31, 2022 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

	Beginning	Ending
Discount Rate	5.50%	7.00%
Investment Rate of Return	5.50%	7.00%
Salary Increases, including inflation	3.00%	3.00%
Inflation	3.00%	3.00%

## **NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

## Pension Plan for the Uniformed Employees of the City of Rock Hill (Continued)

## 2. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

#### Mortality

	Pub-2010 General Headcount-Weighted Male, Below
Pre/Post-Retirement-Male	Median, set back 1 year, projected generationally with
	MP-2021
Pre/Post-Retirement-Female	Pub-2010 General Headcount-Weighted Female, Below
Pre/Post-Retirement-Pennale	Median, projected generationally with MP-2021
	Pub-2010 General Headcount-Weighted, Disabled
Disabled Retiree	Retiree set forward 3 years, projected generationally
	with MP-2021
Termination Rates	None
Disability Rates	None
Retirement Rates	100% retirement at age 60

*Expected long-term rate of return:* The expected long-term rate of return was historically developed using the Black-Litterman Method by the Plan's financial advisor; however, in February 2022, plan assets were transferred to LAGERS and 7 percent expected long-term rate of return was used for the accrual calculations.

*Discount rate:* Discount rate may or may not be equal to the expected long-term rate of return. Assets and liabilities were projected into the future (assuming 75% of the required contributions are deposited) to determine if there is a point at which the assets are unable to pay benefits. The projections show that this occurs late enough that there is no measurable effect to the Discount Rate. The resulting effective interest rate is 5.50 percent and 7.00 percent for the fiscal years ending 3/31/2021 and 3/31/2022, respectively.

# **NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

# Pension Plan for the Uniformed Employees of the City of Rock Hill (Continued)

# 2. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Changes in net pension liability:

A.	Tot	al Pension Liability						
	1.	Service Cost	\$	12,803				
	2.	Interest on Total Pension Liability		173,695				
	3.	Difference between expected and actual experience of the						
		Total Pension Liability		37,743				
	4.	Changes of Assumptions		(396,242)				
	5.	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(225,348)				
	6.	Net change in total pension liability		(397,349)				
	7.	Total Pension liability – March 31, 2021		3,262,731				
	8.	Total Pension liability – March 31, 2022	\$	2,865,382				
B.	Pla	n Fiduciary Net Position						
	1.	Contributions – employer	\$	-				
	2.	Net investment income		164,278				
	3.	Benefit payments, including refunds of employee contributions		(225,348)				
	4.	Pension plan administrative expense		-				
	5.	Other (Net Transfers)		-				
	6.	Net Change in plan fiduciary net position		(61,070)				
	7.	Plan fiduciary net position – March 31, 2021		2,196,510				
	8.	Plan fiduciary net position – March 31, 2022	\$	2,135,440				
C.	Net	pension liability/(asset)	\$	729,942				
D.		n fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total sion liability		74.53%				
E.	Cov		\$ 350,990					
F.	F. Net pension liability as a percentage of covered employee payroll							

## **NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

## Pension Plan for the Uniformed Employees of the City of Rock Hill (Continued)

## 2. Net Pension Liability (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate: The following presents the net pension liability of the City, calculated using the discount rate of 7.00 percent, as well as what the City's net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.00 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.00 percent) than the current rate:

	1%	Current	1%
	Decrease	Discount	Increase
	(6.00%)	Rate (7.00%)	(8.00%)
City's net pension liability	\$ 988,189	\$ 729,942	\$ 507,116

## 3. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

For the year ended March 31, 2022, the City recognized pension expense of \$315,461. At March 31, 2022, the City reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension from the following sources:

	Outflows	Net Outflows		
Differences in experience	\$ 8,326	\$ -	\$ 8,326	
Assumption changes	-	(5,654)	(5,654)	
Excess (deficit) investment returns	197,731	(501,186)	(303,455)	
Total	\$ 206,057	\$ (506,840)	\$ (300,783)	

## **NOTE E – EMPLOYEE RETIREMENT SYSTEMS (Continued)**

Pension Plan for the Uniformed Employees of the City of Rock Hill (Continued)

# 3. Pension Expense and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions (Continued)

Amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pension will be recognized in pension expense as follows:

For the Years Ending	
March 31,	
2023	\$ (60,621)
2024	(52,027)
2025	(65,657)
2026	(122,478)
2027	-
Thereafter	-
Total	\$ (300,783)

#### 4. Payable to the Pension Plan

At March 31, 2022 the City had no payable for contributions to the Plan.

#### Summary of financial reporting of the City's pension plans:

	LAGERS	Uniformed Employees	Total		
Pension liabilities Pension assets Net pension liability(asset)	\$ 5,391,261 6,854,373 \$ (1,463,112)	\$ 2,865,382 2,135,440 \$ 729,942	\$ 8,256,643 8,989,813 \$ (733,170)		
Pension related deferred outflow	\$ 320,593	\$ 206,057	\$ 526,650		
Pension related deferred inflow	\$ (1,279,288)	\$ (506,840)	\$ (1,786,128)		
Pension expenditures for the period associated with the net pension liabilities	\$ 118,633	\$ (315,461)	\$ (196,828)		

## NOTE F – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damages to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees; and natural disasters.

The City is a member of the St. Louis Area Insurance Trust (SLAIT), which is a not-for-profit, selfinsurance risk pool formed by various St. Louis County municipalities to cover worker's compensation, health insurance, and general liability matters. The purpose of this trust is to distribute the cost of selfinsurance over similar entities. In addition to insurance protection, the program provides risk management services with emphasis in loss control, claims administration, and management information services. SLAIT is fully funded by its member participants and employs an outside service company to process all claims.

SLAIT requires an annual premium payment by members to cover estimated claims payable and reserves for claims. The members of SLAIT have no legal interest in the assets, liabilities, or fund balances of SLAIT. However, the City is contingently liable to fund its pro rata share if any deficit incurred by SLAIT should SLAIT cease operation at some future date.

Settled claims resulting from these risks have not exceeded commercial insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years.

## NOTE G – COMMITMENTS AND CONTINGENCIES

The City receives various grants and state funding for specific purposes that are subject to review and audit. These reviews and audits could lead to requests for reimbursement or to withholding of future funding for expenditures disallowed under or other noncompliance with the terms of the grants and funding. The City is not aware of any noncompliance with federal or state provisions that might require the City to provide reimbursement.

All Missouri entities, which have collected confiscation funds, may be required to remit part or all of these funds to other governmental entities. There is no information presently available to project the impact, if any, on the City's financial position.

## **NOTE H – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES**

Long-term debt consists of the following:

	For the Year Ended March 31, 2022									
		Salance arch 31, 2021	Additions		Reductions		Balance March 31, 2022		Amounts Due Within One Year	
General Obligation Bonds										
Series 2010 Refunding	\$	195,000	\$	-	\$	195,000	\$	-	\$	-
Series 2016		4,900,000		-		260,000	4,	640,000	2	70,000
Series 2017 Refunding		2,914,974		-		85,000	2,	829,974	2	85,000
Plus – Premium		594,373		-		48,573		545,800		-
Tax Increment Revenue										
Notes and Bonds										
Tax increment revenue										
notes		8,337,701		-		-	8,	337,701		-
Tax increment revenue										
Bonds	1	1,830,000		-		610,000	11,	220,000	4	50,000
Less – Discount		(130,336)		-		(8,938)	(1	21,398)		-
Compensated absences		146,426	10	7,915		122,192		132,149		79,289
Total	\$2	8,788,138	\$ 10	7,915	\$	1,311,827	\$27,	584,226	\$1,0	84,289

The general obligation bonds are to be liquidated by the Debt Service Fund. The tax increment revenue notes and bonds are to be liquidated by the SW TIF Fund. The compensated absences are to be liquidated by the General Fund and Park Fund.

#### **General Obligation Bonds**

General obligation bonds are obligations of the City, and the full faith credit, and resources of the City have been pledged to the payment of principal of and interest on the bonds and payables are comprised of the following issues:

In December, 2010, the City issued \$1,750,000 in General Obligation Refunding bonds to advance refund the Series 2002 General Obligation Bonds. The net proceeds (after payment of underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase securities for deposit in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments of the old debt. As of March 31, 2011, \$275,000 was remaining of the old debt which was placed in an irrevocable trust which was considered defeased. The City decreased its aggregated debt service payments by \$140,852 over 11 years, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$95,638.

#### **NOTE H – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)**

#### **General Obligation Bonds (Continued)**

In July, 2016, the City issued \$6,100,000 in General Obligation Bonds (Series 2016) with varying interest rates from 2% to 4% due in annual installments through March 1, 2036. The bonds were issued for the purpose of the construction of municipal facilities that include city hall, police station and fire station.

In September, 2017, the City issued \$3,079,974 in General Obligation Bonds (Series 2018) with varying interest rates from 2% to 3%. The City issued the bonds to advance refund the portion of the General Obligation Bonds (Series 2011) maturing on March 1, 2022 and thereafter, in the aggregate principal amount of \$3,080,000. The net proceeds of \$3,202,675 (after payment of underwriting fees and other issuance costs) were used to purchase securities for deposit in an irrevocable trust with an escrow agent to provide for all future debt service payments of the old debt. As a result, that portion of the Series 2011 bonds is considered defeased, and the City has removed the liability from the Statement of Net Position. The defeased bonds were redeemed on March 31, 2019. The City decreased its aggregated debt service payments by \$273,462 over 14 years, which resulted in an economic gain (difference between the present values of the old and new debt service payments) of \$230,565.

		General Oblig	gation Bonds	
For The Years Ended March 31,	Principal	Interest	Compound Interest <sup>1</sup>	Total
2023	\$ 555,000	\$ 246,850	\$ -	\$ 801,850
2024	570,000	232,900	-	802,900
2025	534,974	218,550	55,026	808,550
2026	590,000	206,650	-	796,650
2027	615,000	188,950	-	803,950
2028-2032	3,025,000	624,450	-	3,649,450
2033-2036	1,580,000	161,400		1,741,400
Total	\$ 7,469,974	\$ 1,879,750	\$ 55,026	\$ 9,404,750

Debt service requirements for the bonds are as follows:

<sup>1</sup>General Obligation Refunding Bonds Series 2017 includes Capital Appreciation Bonds original principal amount of \$44,974, matures in 2025 with a maturity value of \$100,000. Interest is compounded annually.

#### **NOTE H – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)**

#### **Tax Increment Revenue Notes and Bonds**

During 2015, the City issued \$16,350,000 of Tax Increment Revenue Bonds, Series 2015A (the "Priority Bonds) in conjunction with \$8,337,701 of Tax Increment Revenue Notes, Series 2015B (the Subordinate Notes), to refund the Tax Increment Revenue Notes, Series A and Series B, fund a debt service reserve fund securing the Priority Bonds, and pay the costs of issuing the Bonds. The tax increment revenue bonds and notes are considered a special limited obligation of the City. The City will make principal and interest payments on the tax increment revenue notes based on the incremental payments in lieu of taxes (PILOTS) and economic activity tax (EATS).

Since annual repayment amounts for the tax increment revenue notes will be determined based on future revenues, a schedule of debt service requirements to maturity cannot be established.

#### NOTE I – RECONCILIATION OF INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

#### 1. Interfund Transfers

	Transfers From	Transfers To	Net Transfers
Major Funds			
Infrastructure Capital Projects Fund	\$ -	\$ 175,000	\$ 175,000
Park Fund	(175,000)	-	(175,000)
Total	\$ (175,000)	\$ 175,000	\$ -

The transfer from the Park Fund to the Infrastructure Capital Projects Fund was for the purpose of funding capital infrastructure projects that involve stormwater improvements.

#### NOTE J – UNRESTRICTED NET POSITION DEFICIT

The government-wide statement of net position reflects an unrestricted net position deficit of (\$24,409,713). This total is comprised of \$1,018,195 in unrestricted net position from operations, an unrestricted net position deficit resulting from the issuance of tax increment revenue bonds and notes in the amount of (\$19,436,303) and interest payable on these notes of (\$5,465,297), which is for development not owned by the City, and net pension liability net of deferred outflows and inflows related to pension of (\$526,308).

The City's responsibility to repay the tax increment revenue bonds and notes extends only to the incremental revenues generated by the TIF district. The tax increment revenue bonds and notes are a special limited obligation of the City and are not used in calculating the City's debt limit.

#### NOTE K – RESTRICTED NET POSITION

The government-wide statement of net position reports \$4,584,190 of restricted net position, of which 100% is restricted by enabling legislation.

#### NOTE L – TAX INCREMENT REVENUES PLEDGED

The City has pledged a portion of future tax revenues to repay tax increment revenue bonds and notes issued to finance certain improvements in the City. The bonds and notes are payable solely from the incremental taxes generated by increased sales and assessed property values in the improved area. Incremental taxes were projected to produce 100% of the debt service requirements over the life of the bonds and notes. As of March 31, 2022, the City received \$1,018,126 in tax incremental revenues that were pledged for the debt service on the TIF bonds and notes. Information regarding the TIF bonds and notes are reported in Note H.

#### NOTE M – SUBSEQUENT EVENT

Subsequent to March 31, 2022, the Board of Aldermen adopted Resolution 22-04 authorizing the City Administrator to execute a tax exempt lease/purchase agreement for \$562,581 with Clayton Holdings, LLC (Lessor) for the purpose to acquire a new fire pumper. The City's obligation will commence on the date that funds are advanced by Lessor to pay the vendor for fire truck. The lease/purchase agreement matures on June 1, 2032 and bears a fixed interest rate of 2.56%

#### NOTE N – NEW ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

For year ending March 31, 2022, the City Implemented the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 98, *The Annual Comprehensive Financial Report*. GASB Statement 98 establishes the term annual comprehensive financial report and its acronym ACFR.

#### NOTE O - RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS

The accounting principles governing the reported amounts, presentation and related disclosures are subject to change from time to time based on new pronouncements and/or rules issued by various governing bodies. The Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) for state and local governments.

In May 2020, the GASB issued Statement No. 95, "Postponement of the Effective Dates of Certain Authoritative Guidance." GASB Statement No. 87, "Leases" has been postponed 18 months.

In June 2017, the GASB issued Statement No. 87, "Leases." The objective of this Statement is to better meet the information needs of financial statement users by improving accounting and financial reporting for leases by governments. The requirements of this Statement are effective for the fiscal year March 31, 2023. Earlier application is encouraged.

In April 2022, GASB issued Statement No. 99, Omnibus 2022, addresses a variety of topics including: Classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement No. 53, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Derivative Instruments, that do not meet the definition of either an investment derivative instrument or a hedging derivative instrument; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended, related to the determination of the lease term, classification of a lease as a short-term lease, recognition and measurement of a lease liability and a lease asset, and identification of lease incentives; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 94, Public-Private and Public-Public Partnerships and Availability Payment Arrangements, related to (a) the determination of the public-private and public-public partnership (PPP) term and (b) recognition and measurement of installment payments and the transfer of the underlying PPP asset; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 96, Subscription-Based Information Technology Arrangements, related to the subscription-based information technology arrangement (SBITA) term, classification of a SBITA as a short-term SBITA, and recognition and measurement of a subscription liability; extension of the period during which the London Interbank Offered Rate (LIBOR) is considered an appropriate benchmark interest rate for the qualitative evaluation of the effectiveness of an interest rate swap that hedges the interest rate risk of taxable debt; accounting for the distribution of benefits as part of the Supplemental Nutrition Assistance Program (SNAP); disclosures related to nonmonetary transactions; pledges of future revenues when resources are not received by the pledging government; clarification of provisions in Statement No. 34, Basic Financial Statements-and Management's Discussion and Analysis—for State and Local Governments, as amended, related to the focus of the government-wide financial statements; terminology updates related to certain provisions of Statement No. 63, Financial Reporting of Deferred Outflows of Resources, Deferred Inflows of Resources, and Net Position; and terminology used in Statement 53 to refer to resource flows statements. This statement is effective upon issuance for requirements related to the extension of the use of LIBOR, accounting for SNAP distributions, disclosures of nonmonetary transactions, pledges of future revenues by pledging governments, clarification of certain provisions in Statement 34, as amended, and terminology updates related to Statement 53 and Statement 63. The effective date for the requirements related to leases, PPPs, and SBITAs is the fiscal year ending March 31, 2023. The effective date for the requirement related to financial guarantees and the classification and reporting of derivative instruments within the scope of Statement 53 is the fiscal year ending March 31, 2024.

#### **NOTE O - RECENT ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENTS (Continued)**

June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections—an amendment of GASB Statement No. 62*, enhances accounting and financial reporting requirement for accounting changes and error corrections. This Statement defines *accounting changes* as changes in accounting principles, changes in accounting estimates, and changes to or within the financial reporting entity and describes the transactions or other events that constitute those changes. This Statement also addresses corrections of errors in previously issued financial statements. This Statement requires that (a) changes to or within the financial reporting entity by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. This Statement requires disclosure in notes to financial statements of descriptive information about accounting changes and error corrections, such as their nature. Furthermore, this Statement addresses how information that is affected by a change in accounting principle or error correction should be presented in required supplementary information (RSI) and supplementary information (SI). This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, Compensated Absences, requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement requires that a liability for certain types of compensated absencesincluding parental leave, military leave, and jury duty leave-not be recognized until the leave commences. This Statement also requires that a liability for specific types of compensated absences not be recognized until the leave is used. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. With respect to financial statements prepared using the current financial resources measurement focus, this Statement requires that expenditures be recognized for the amount that normally would be liquidated with expendable available financial resources. This Statement amends the existing requirement to disclose the gross increases and decreases in a liability for compensated absences to allow governments to disclose only the net change in the liability (as long as they identify it as a net change). In addition, governments are no longer required to disclose which governmental funds typically have been used to liquidate the liability for compensated absences. This Statement is effective for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2025.

The effects on the City's financial statements as a result of the adoption of these new pronouncements are unknown.

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#### REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

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#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Original Budget	 Final Budget		Actual	ן)	Over Under) Budget
REVENUES Property tax	\$ 336,000	\$ 336,000	\$	364,249	\$	28,249
Gross Receipt Taxes:						
Cable television	53,000	49,200		49,128		(72)
Electric	359,000	346,725		345,718		(1,007)
Gas	172,000	188,850		188,848		(2)
Telephone	87,000	72,425		72,423		(2)
Water	70,000	83,075		83,052		(23)
Total Gross Receipts Taxes	741,000	 740,275		739,169		(1,106)
Sales Tax:						
County sales tax	846,750	943,530		943,530		-
Fire sales tax	182,250	203,200		203,156		(44)
County public safety sales tax	237,500	275,326		275,326		-
Use tax	-	-		32,948		32,948
Total Sales Tax	1,266,500	 1,422,056	1	,454,960		32,904
Licenses, permits, fines and fees:						
Auto personal property	13,600	13,600		13,710		110
Building permits	18,400	18,400		17,943		(457)
Liquor	9,500	9,500		10,800		1,300
Merchants' licenses	132,000	185,515		178,515		(7,000)
Fines and court costs	200,000	286,265		285,783		(482)
Total Licenses and Permits	373,500	513,280		506,751		(6,529)
Intergovernmental:						
Cigarette tax	22,705	22,705		22,705		-
American rescue plan act	-	-		112,671		112,671
Total Intergovernmental	22,705	22,705		135,376		112,671
Investment Income	2,500	 2,500		386		(2,114)
Miscellaneous:						
Grant income	3,700	3,700		5,258		1,558
Miscellaneous	14,800	89,100		93,102		4,002
Total Miscellaneous	18,500	92,800		98,360		5,560
Total Revenues	2,760,705	 3,129,616	3	3,299,251		169,635

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to the budgetary comparison information.

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Administration:				
Personnel services	237,112	249,492	241,653	(7,839)
Contracted services	172,324	230,660	228,158	(2,502)
Operating expenditures	30,064	34,933	31,349	(3,584)
Capital outlay	1,200	1,200	4,895	3,695
Total Administration	440,700	516,285	506,055	(10,230)
Fire Department:				
Personnel services	974,781	1,001,006	996,345	(4,661)
Contracted services	43,786	43,786	35,087	(8,699)
Operating expenditures	13,500	13,500	11,504	(1,996)
Total Fire Department	1,032,067	1,058,292	1,042,936	(15,356)
Housing Department:				
Personnel services	20,304	20,304	21,215	911
Contracted services	1,480	1,480	594	(886)
Operating expenditures	1,655	2,185	2,060	(125)
Total Housing	23,439	23,969	23,869	(100)
Municipal Court:				
Personnel services	85,025	85,025	73,760	(11,265)
Contracted services	21,625	21,625	9,288	(12,337)
Operating expenditures	2,200	2,200	1,636	(564)
Capital outlay	1,200	1,200	281	(919)
Total Municipal Court	110,050	110,050	84,965	(25,085)
Police Department:				
Personnel services	926,381	977,731	961,515	(16,216)
Contracted services	111,465	111,465	121,146	9,681
Operating expenditures	8,776	8,776	6,983	(1,793)
Total Police Department	1,046,622	1,097,972	1,089,644	(8,328)

(Continued)

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to the budgetary comparison information.

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL FUND (Continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	(Un	ver der) lget
Public Works					
Personnel services	265,509	265,509	263,583		(1,926)
Contracted services	39,800	39,800	38,623		(1,177)
Operating expenditures	76,795	76,795	58,417	(	18,378)
Total Public Works		382,104	360,623	(	21,481)
Total Expenditures	3,034,982	3,188,672	3,108,092	(	80,580)
REVENUES OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES OTHER FINANCING SOURCES	(274,277)	(59,056)	191,159	2	50,215
(USES)		75 000	75 000		
Sale of capital assets		75,000	75,000		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	-	75,000	75,000		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (274,277)	\$ 15,944	266,159	\$ 2	50,215
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1			865,977		
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$ 1,132,136		

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-PARK FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES				
Sales tax - parks/stormwater	\$ 380,000	\$ 380,000	\$ 409,819	\$ 29,819
Intergovernmental:				
Grant income	315,000	315,000	7,650	(307,350)
Park and recreation programs	8,000	8,000	16,376	8,376
Fall Festival	1,700	1,700	2,200	500
Miscellaneous revenue	200	200	132	(68)
Total Revenues	704,900	704,900	436,177	(268,723)
EXPENDITURES	100 504	100 504	100 505	
Personnel services	182,734	182,734	188,525	5,791
Contracted services	6,110	6,110	990	(5,120)
Operating expenditures	21,850	21,850	18,646	(3,204)
Capital outlay		319,000	7,895	(311,105)
Total Expenditures	529,694	529,694	216,056	(313,638)
REVENUES OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	175,206	175,206	220,121	44,915
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Transfer out		(175,000)	(175,000)	
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	(175,000)	(175,000)	(175,000)	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 206	\$ 206	45,121	\$ 44,915
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1			271,911	
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$ 317,032	

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to the budgetary comparison information.

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-SEWER LATERAL FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Priginal Budget	I	Final Budget	Actual	· · · · ·	Over Under) Budget
REVENUES	<u> </u>			 		
Miscellaneous	\$ 63,000	\$	63,000	\$ 60,607	\$	(2,393)
EXPENDITURES Current: Capital Outlay	 60,000		78,350	 78,350		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 3,000	\$	(15,350)	(17,743)	\$	(2,393)
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1				 27,482		
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31				\$ 9,739		

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to the budgetay comparison information.

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-SW TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES				
Property tax	\$ 585,100	\$ 585,100	\$ 487,457	\$ (97,643)
Sales Tax	315,000	315,000	263,888	(51,112)
TDD Sales Tax	150,000	150,000	127,646	(22,354)
CID Sales Tax	155,000	155,000	139,135	(15,865)
Investment Income	2,500	2,500	379	(2,121)
Total Revenues	1,207,600	1,207,600	1,018,505	(189,095)
EXPENDITURES Current: Administration Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal agent fees	5,000 575,000 600,000	5,000 575,000 600,000	4,500 610,000 562,678	(500) 35,000 (37,322)
Total Expenditures	<i>.</i>	1,180,000	1,177,178	(2,822)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		\$ 27,600	(158,673)	\$ (186,273)
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1			2,127,742	
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$ 1,969,069	

See accompanying independent auditor's report and notes to the budgetary comparison information.

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION – NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPNEDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES – BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

#### 1. Budgets and Budgetary Accounting

The City follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data:

- a. Formal budgetary integration is employed as a management control device during the year. This budget is adopted on a basis consistent with the City's basis of accounting described previously.
- b. Unused appropriations lapse at the end of the year.
- c. Budget amounts may include budget amendments that were made during the year, if any.
- d. Board approval is required for budget amendments.
- e. The legal level of budgetary control is at the department level.
- f. A budget is adopted for the General Fund, Park Fund, Pension Fund, SW TIF Fund, NW TIF Fund, Debt Service Fund, Sewer Lateral Fund, Police Training Fund, General Capital Projections Fund, and Infrastructure Capital Projects Fund.
- g. The issuance of long-term refunding debt and proceeds of capital leases and related expenditures are not budgeted.

MISSOURI LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (LAGERS) SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS **CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI** 

		Γ	LAST SEVEN FISCAL YEARS	FISCA	L YEARS								
					FISCAI	YEA	<b>FISCAL YEAR ENDING JUNE 30</b>	UNE 3	i <b>0</b> ,				
	2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability (TPL)													
Service Cost	\$ 151,909	\$	147,803	S	139,576	∽	137,298	Ś	136,571	Ś	122, 314	Ś	119,202
Interest on Total Pension Liability	401,360	~	371,950		343,022		313,755		294,475		263,215		252,091
Change in Benefit Terms			I		ı		I		I		ı		ı
Assumption Changes	(464, 223)		(2, 439)		6,552		(9,880)		(5,519)		122,989		ı
Experience Gains/Losses	(97, 526)	()	47,281		78,735		120,599		(14, 473)		62,288		(99,582)
Benefit Payments	(158, 162)	(;	(163, 191)		(167, 242)		(165, 482)		(131, 105)		(121, 190)		(118, 478)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability	(166,642)		401,404		400,643		396,290		279,949		449,616		153,233
Total Pension Liability-July 1	5,557,903		5,156,499		4,755,856		4,359,566		4,079,617		3,630,001		3,476,768
Total Pension Liability-June 30	\$ 5,391,261	Ś	5,557,903	s	5,156,499	S	4,755,856	s	4,359,566	s	4,079,617	s	3,630,001
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (FNP)													
Contributions - employer	163,428	~	151,560		149,278		138,322		128,149		129,004		130,640
Net Investment Income	1,506,947	-	72,233		337,319		572,500		479,687		(8, 428)		77,425
Benefit Payments	(158, 162)	<b>(</b> )	(163, 191)		(167, 242)		(165, 482)		(131, 105)		(121, 190)		(118, 478)
Administrative Expenses	(5,036)	()	(1,396)		(6,520)		(4,695)		(4, 383)		(4, 459)		(4,660)
Other (Net Transfers)	(244,539)	()	(24,866)		13,344		144,385		26,606		(33, 703)		81,341
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position	1,262,638	~	28,340		326,179		685,030		498,954		(38, 776)		166,268
Total Fiduciary Net Position-July 1	5,591,735	1	5,563,395		5,237,216		4,552,186		4,053,232		4,092,008		3,925,740
Total Fiduciary Net Position-June 30	\$ 6,854,373	~	5,591,735	S	5,563,395	S	5,237,216	Ś	4,552,186	S	4,053,232	S	4,092,008
Net Pension Liability (Asset)-June 30	\$ (1,463,112)	\$	(33, 832)	S	(406, 896)	S	(481, 360)	s	(192,620)	s	26,385	s	(462,007)
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability	127.14%	~	100.61%		107.89%		110.12%		104.42%		99.35%		112.73%
Covered payroll	\$ 1,879,861	~	1,877,994	\$	1,836,369	\$	1,726,721	\$	1,690,900	S	1,672,879	\$	1,493,000
Net pension liability as of a percentage of covered payroll	-77.83%	~	-1.80%		-22.16%		-27.88%		-11.39%		1.58%		-30.95%
Sensitivity of Total Pension Liability to changes in the Discount Rate +/-1%													
Total Pension Liability (Discount Rate)	5,391,261		5,557,903		5,156,499		4,755,856		4,359,566		4,079,617		3,630,001
Total Pension Liability (Discount Rate + 1%)	6,157,963		4,097,450 6,356,511		4,342,731 5,899,400		4,100,704 5,450,319		5,006,555		4,687,452		3,200,101 4,137,445
~ `	x x		× ×		×		× ×		× ×		x x		×

Notes to Schedule: Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI MISSOURI LOCAL GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES RETIREMENT SYSTEM (LAGERS) SCHEDULE OF CONTRUELITIONS	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------	-----------------------

2013	139,925	133,449	6,476	\$ 1,524,600	8.75%	
G	S		~		<sup>0</sup>	
2014	\$ 133,359	133,359	s	\$ 1,538,006	8.67%	
2015	\$ 130,159	130,159	، ج	\$ 1,519,613	8.57%	
31, 2016	\$ 132,537	132,537	۰ \$	\$ 1,621,072	8.18%	ortality table 014 Servation ce ve Sruary 28, 2015.
FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31, 2018 2017	\$ 128,906	128,906	۔ ج	\$ 1,770,391	7.28%	end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. nal Funding or tion tion in attative expenses e specific to the type of eligibility condition or post-retirement mortality, were the RP-2014 featers. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 features. The pre-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 end featles. The pre-retirement mortality improvement back to the obs ear for males was then established to be 2017. Mortality rates for a d by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above be 5-vear experience study for the period March 1, 2010 through Febr
SCAL YEAR EN 2018	\$ 135,333	135,333	۔ ج	\$ 1,723,240	7.85%	ontributions are re y condition e the RP-2014 He -retirement mortal ortality tables use nortality improver tality improvernet tality improvernet
FI5 2019	\$ 148,164	148,164	۔ ج	\$ 1,869,741	7.92%	al year in which c ees terype of eligibili et type of eligibili tent mortality, wer ty tables, for post- ty tables, for post- ty tables, for post- ty tables for rost the MP-2015 moi the MP-2015 moi
2020	\$ 150,511	150,511	، ع	\$ 1,848,910	8.14%	the end of the fisc rminal Funding rridor nflation initistrative expens is, for post-retirem led retiree mortali and females. The sand females. The set and females vector inited by applying on the 5-vear expe
2021	\$ 154,444	154,444	•	\$ 1,856,781	8.32%	eulated as of February 28 prior to the end of the fiscal year in which contributions are reported. bution rates: Entry age normal and Modified Terminal Funding Level percent of payroll, closed Multiple bases from 15 to 16 years 5 years smoothed market; 20% orridor 3.25% age inflation; 2.50% price inflation 3.25%, net of investment and administrative expenses <i>Tays</i> , net of investment and administrative expenses <i>Tays</i> , net of investment and administrative expenses <i>Tays</i> , net of investment and administrative expenses for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality, were the RP-2014 Healthy Annuitant mortality table for males and females. The disabled retiree mortality tables, for post-retirement mortality tables used were the RP-2014 disabled mortality table for males and females. The pre-retirement mortality inprovement back to the observation period base year of 2006. The base year for males was then established for mortality improvement back to the observation period base year are determined by applying the MP-2015 mortality improvement scale to the above described tables. New assumptions adonted based on the 5-year experience study for the period March 1, 2010 through February 28, 2015.
2022	\$ 152,174	152,174	۔ ج	\$ 1,748,673	8.70%	calculated as of February 28 prior tribution rates: Entry age normal and Modified Level percent of payroll, closed Multiple bases from 15 to 16 ye 5 years smoothed market; 20% 3.25% age inflation; 2.50% prio 3.25%, et of investment and a Experience-based table of rates 7.25%, net of investment and a fro males and females. The dii disabled mortality table for ma employees mortality table for ma employees mortality table for ma from ales and females. The dii disabled mortality table for ma employees mortality table for ma employees mortality table for ma described tables. New assumptions adopted base New assumptions adopted base
	Actuarial Determined Contributions	Actual Contributions Deposited	Annual Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	Covered Payroll	Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	Notes to Schedule           Valuation date:           Valuation date:           Valuation date:           Actuarially determined contribution rates are calculated as of February 28 prior to the end of the fiseal year in which contributions are reported.           Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:           Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:           Actuarial cost method.           Evel percent           Munching amortization method.           Salary increases:           Salary increases:           Mortality.           Mortality.           Mortality.           Salary increases:           Salary increases:           Mortality.           Mortality

# CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET PENSION LIABILITY AND RELATED RATIOS LAST EIGHT FISCAL YEARS

							FISC	FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31	DING	MARCH 31,						
		2022		2021		2020		2019		2018		2017		2016		2015
Total Pension Liability (TPL) Service Cost	¥	12 803	¥	17 839	¥	10136	ý	0 834	¥	9819	¥	9 804	ý	9815	¥	10.075
Interest on Total Pension Liability.	÷	173.695	÷	175.093	÷	198.814	÷	195,265	÷	196.213	÷	209.126	÷	210,743	÷	210,136
Assumption Changes		(396,242)		(18,503)		258,052		116,235		I		I		I		423
Actuarial (Gain)/Loss		37,743		27,251		(158, 538)		(26,678)		26,686		(158, 829)		29,459		13,846
Benefit Payments	ļ	(225, 348)		(222, 157)		(240,657)		(244, 308)		(247, 596)		(273, 297)		(276,497)		(250, 752)
Net Change in Total Pension Liability		(397, 349)		(25,477)		67,807		50,348		(14, 878)		(213, 196)		(26, 480)		(16, 272)
Total Pension Liability-April 1		3,262,731		3,288,208		3,220,401		3,170,053		3,184,931		3,398,127		3,424,607		3,440,879
Total Pension Liability-March 31	S	2,865,382	s	3,262,731	S	3,288,208	Ś	3,220,401	Ś	3,170,053	s	3,184,931	s	3,398,127	s	3,424,607
Plan Fiduciary Net Position (FNP) Contributions - emoloser						125,000		150.000		150.000		150.000		150,000		275 000
Net Investment Income.		164,278		653,109		(161, 327)		60,476		175,953		182,842		(21, 283)		175,565
Benefit Payments	ļ	(225, 348)		(222, 157)		(240,657)		(244, 308)		(247, 596)		(273, 297)		(276, 497)		(250, 752)
Net Change in Plan Fiduciary Net Position		(61,070)		430,952		(276,984)		(33,832)		78,357		59,545		(147, 780)		199,813
Total Fiduciary Net Position-April 1		2,196,510		1,765,558		2,042,542		2,076,374		1,998,017		1,938,472		2,086,252		1,886,439
Total Fiduciary Net Position-March 31	S	2,135,440	s	2,196,510	s	1,765,558	s	2,042,542	s	2,076,374	s	1,998,017	s	1,938,472	s	2,086,252
Net Pension Liability (Asset)-March 31	Ś	729,942	s	1,066,221	s	1,522,650	S	1,177,859	S	1,093,679	s	1,186,914	s	1,459,655	s	1,338,355
Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability		74.53%		67.32%		53.69%		63.43%		65.50%		62.73%		57.05%		60.92%
Covered payroll	S	350,990	S	350,990	÷	350,990	s	350,990	S	350,990	S	350,990	S	350,990	s	350,990
Net pension liability as of a percentage of covered payroll		207.97%		303.78%		433.82%		335.58%		311.60%		338.16%		415.87%		381.31%
Money-weighted rate of return		8.82%		39.14%		-8.35%		3.09%		9.07%		10.03%		-1.07%		9.27%
Sensitivity of Total Pension Liability to changes in the Discount Rate +/-1% Total Pension Liability (Discount Rate) Total Pension Liability (Discount Rate + 1%)		2,865,382 2,642,556 3,123,629		3,262,731 2,981,732 3,591,765		3,288,208 2,995,556 3,632,592		3,220,401 2,945,436 3,542,319		3,170,053 2,908,390 3,474,458		3,184,931 2,917,231 3,497,242		3,398,127 3,115,406 3,728,195		3,424,607 3,134,935 3,763,878
Notes to Schedule:																

Notes to Schedule: Schedule is intended to show information for ten years. Additional years will be displayed as they become available.

### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI UNIFORMED EMPLOYEES' PENSION PLAN SCHEDULE OF CONTRIBUTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

				FISC	CAL YEAR END	FISCAL YEAR ENDING MARCH 31,				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Actuarial Determined Contributions	\$ 279,993	\$ 279,993	\$ 178,339	\$ 178,339	\$ 212,536	\$ 212,536	\$ 199,227	\$ 199,227	\$ 251,551	\$ 251,551
Actual Contributions Deposited	'	1	125,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	150,000	275,000	ľ	210,325
Annual Contribution Deficiency/(Excess)	\$ 279,993	\$ 279,993	\$ 53,339	\$ 28,339	\$ 62,536	\$ 62,536	\$ 49,227	\$ (75,773)	\$ 251,551	\$ 41,226
Covered Payroll	\$ 350,990	\$ 350,990	\$ 350,990	\$ 350,990	\$ 350,990	\$ 350,990	\$ 350,990	\$ 350,990	\$ 478,997	\$ 478,997
Contributions as a Percentage of Covered Payroll	0.00%	0.00%	35.61%	42.74%	42.74%	42.74%	42.74%	78.35%	0.00%	43.91%
Notes to Schedule										

### Notes to Schedul Valuation date:

Actuarially determined contributions are calculated biennially as of May 1.

# Methods and assumptions used to determine contribution rates:

The Level Dollar Aggregate Fund Method has been used to determine the annual contributions amounts for Fiscal Years 2007 through 2016.

Under this method, the Normal Cost is the normal cost per active participant multiplied by the number of active participants. The normal cost per active participant is the present value of projected benefits less the actuarial value of the assets, divided by the total present value of \$1 per year for every year of a participant's anticipated future service, determined as of the participant's attained age.

# ACTUARIAL ASSUMPTIONS

Assumptions for Active Employees:	Discount rate	Investment rate of return	Salary increases, including inflation	Inflation	Mortality of Male Employees	Mortality of Female Employees	Termination Rates	Disablement Rates	Retirement Age	Assumptions for Retired Employees:	Investment Return	Mortality of Male Employees	Mortality of Female Employees
-----------------------------------	---------------	---------------------------	---------------------------------------	-----------	-----------------------------	-------------------------------	-------------------	-------------------	----------------	------------------------------------	-------------------	-----------------------------	-------------------------------

7.00%
7.00%
3.00%
3.00%
Pub 2010 General Headcount-Weighted Male, Below Median, set back 1 year, projected generationally with MP-2021
Pub 2010 General Headcount-Weighted Female, Below Median, projected generationally with MP-2021
None
None
100% retirement at age 60
.00%

Pub 2010 General Headcount-Weighted Male, Disabled Retiree set forward 3 years, projected generationally with MP-2021 Pub 2010 General Headcount-Weighted Female, Disabled Retiree set forward 3 years, projected generationally with MP-2021

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#### OTHER SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS

Special revenue funds are used to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources (other than special assessment, expendable trusts, or major capital projects) that are legally restricted to expenditures for specified purposes. The special revenue funds maintained by the City are as follows:

<u>Pension Fund</u> – Used to account for property tax receipts for the purpose of funding the City's pension contributions for the Uniformed Employees Pension Plan and the LAGERS pension plan for general, police and fire employees.

<u>Police Training Fund</u> - Used to account for police training revenues from the municipal court costs and the payment of training and travel for the police department.

<u>NW TIF Fund</u> – Used to account for activities of the City's NW redevelopment area tax increment financing district.

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI COMBINING BALANCE SHEET-NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS MARCH 31, 2022

	Speci	al Revenue F	unds	
		Police		Total Nonmajor
	Pension	Training	NW TIF	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
ASSETS				
Cash and investments	\$ 290,801	\$ 3,976	\$ 283,945	\$ 578,722
Receivables (net):				
Property tax	41,941	-	2,824	44,765
Municipal taxes	-	-	565	565
Other receivables	-	238	-	238
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 332,742	\$ 4,214	\$ 287,334	\$ 624,290
Liabilities				
None	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Total Liabilities			-	
Deferred Inflows of Resources				
Unavailable revenue-property taxes	\$ 10,438	\$ -	\$ 1,756	\$ 12,194
Total Deferred Outflows of Resources	10,438	-	1,756	12,194
Fund Balances				
Restricted for:				
Pension	322,304	-	-	322,304
Police training	-	4,214	-	4,214
Tax increment financing	-	-	285,578	285,578
Total Fund Balances	322,304	4,214	285,578	612,096
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS				
AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 332,742	\$ 4,214	\$ 287,334	\$ 624,290

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES-NONMAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Speci	ial Revenue Fu	inds	
		Police	NW	Total
	Pension	Training	TIF	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Fund	Funds
REVENUES				
Property tax	\$ 322,304	\$ -	\$ 67,424	\$ 389,728
Sales tax	-	-	7,971	7,971
Miscellaneous	-	6,835		6,835
Total Revenues	322,304	6,835	75,395	404,534
EXPENDITURES				
Current:				
Police department	-	9,135	-	9,135
Total Expenditures	-	9,135	-	9,135
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES	322,304	(2,300)	75,395	395,399
FUND BALANCES, APRIL 1		6,514	210,183	216,697
FUND BALANCES, MARCH 31	\$ 322,304	\$ 4,214	\$285,578	\$ 612,096

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-PENSION FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Origina Budge		Fir Bud		Actual	Over Under) Budget
REVENUES						
Property tax	\$	-	\$	-	\$ 322,304	\$ 322,304
Total Revenues		-		-	322,304	322,304
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Administration Total Expenditures		-		-		 -
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$	-	\$	_	322,304	\$ 322,304
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1						
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31					\$ 322,304	

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-POLICE TRAINING FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	riginal udget	Final Budget	I	Actual	J)	Over Jnder) udget
REVENUES		 				<u> </u>
Miscellaneous	\$ 6,500	\$ 6,500	\$	6,835	\$	335
EXPENDITURES Current: Police department	 6,410	 9,135		9,135		
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 90	\$ (2,635)		(2,300)	\$	335
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1				6,514		
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$	4,214		

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-NW TIF FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES				
Property tax	\$ 40,375	\$ 40,375	\$ 67,424	\$ 27,049
Sales Tax	8,000	8,000	7,971	(29)
Total Revenues	48,375	48,375	75,395	27,020
<b>EXPENDITURES</b> Current:				
Administration	21,200	21,200	-	(21,200)
Debt service:				
Interest	1,500	1,500		(1,500)
Total Expenditures	22,700	22,700		(22,700)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 25,675	\$ 25,675	75,395	\$ 49,720
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1			210,183	
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$ 285,578	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-DEBT SERVICE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	`	Over Under) Budget
REVENUES					
Property tax	\$ 845,000	\$ 845,000	\$ 928,303	\$	83,303
Miscellaneous	500	500	-		(500)
Total Revenues	845,500	 845,500	 928,303		82,803
EXPENDITURES Debt service: Principal Interest and fiscal charges	540,000 261,575	540,000 261,575	540,000 260,893		(682)
Total Expenditures	801,575	 801,575	 800,893		(682)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 43,925	\$ 43,925	127,410	\$	83,485
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1			 516,500		
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$ 643,910		

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-GENERAL CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES	<b>•</b>	<b>*</b>	<b>•</b> • • • • • • • •	¢ (10.004)
Sales tax - capital improvement Intergovernmental:	\$ 328,000	\$ 357,955	\$ 347,951	\$ (10,004)
Grant income	12,500	12,500	16,385	3,885
Miscellaneous revenue	500	500	5,950	5,450
Total Revenues	341,000	370,955	370,286	(669)
EXPENDITURES				
Administration	184,466	189,775	196,145	6,370
Capital outlay	,	58,900	43,899	(15,001)
Total Expenditures	243,366	248,675	240,044	(8,631)
<b>REVENUES OVER(UNDER)</b>				
EXPENDITURES	97,634	122,280	130,242	7,962
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)				
Sale of capital assets	2,500	2,500	-	(2,500)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,500		(2,500)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ 100,134	\$ 124,780	130,242	\$ 5,462
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1			260,670	
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$ 390,912	

See accompanying independent auditor's report.

#### CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE-BUDGET AND ACTUAL-INFRASTRUCTURE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2022

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Over (Under) Budget
REVENUES	8	8_		8
Intergovernmental:				
Gasoline tax	\$ 118,750	\$ 118,750	\$ 133,736	\$ 14,986
Motor vehicle tax	63,000	63,000	70,117	7,117
Road and bridge	110,000	110,000	137,369	27,369
Grant income	282,818	282,818	161,495	(121,323)
Other governments	47,000	47,000	-	(47,000)
Total Revenues	621,568	621,568	502,717	(118,851)
EXPENDITURES				
Capital outlay	1,080,000	1,080,000	905,498	(174,502)
Total Expenditures	1,080,000	1,080,000	905,498	(174,502)
REVENUES OVER(UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(458,432)	(458,432)	(402,781)	55,651
	(150,152)	(130,132)	(102,701)	
<b>OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)</b>				
Transfer in	175,000	175,000	175,000	-
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		175,000	175,000	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (283,432)	\$ (283,432)	(227,781)	\$ 55,651
FUND BALANCE, APRIL 1			853,752	
FUND BALANCE, MARCH 31			\$ 625,971	



**Statistical Section** 

#### STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City of Rock Hill's comprehensive annual financial report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health.

Contents	Page
<b>Financial Trends</b> These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well-being have changed over time.	76
<b>Revenue Capacity</b> These schedules contain to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources.	83
<b>Debt Capacity</b> These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future.	88
<b>Demographic and Economic</b> These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place.	93
<b>Operating Information:</b> These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs.	95

**Sources:** Unless otherwise noted, the information in this section is derived from the comprehensive annual financial reports for the relevant year.

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## CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI NET POSITION BY COMPONENT LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

					For The Years Ended March 31	Inded March 31,				
					2018	2017		2015	2014	
	2022	2021	2020	2019	Restated	Restated	2016	Restated	Restated	2013
Governmental Activities										
Net investment in capital assets \$ 11,458,735 \$ 10,725,382	\$ 11,458,735	\$ 10,725,382	\$ 10,508,086	\$ 9,592,045	\$ 9,863,313	\$ 7,739,703	\$ 6,040,314	\$ 5,145,780	\$ 5,143,471	\$ 4,840,917
Restricted	4,584,190	4,377,313	3,965,191	3,846,306	3,137,834	2,912,080	7,281,433	2,676,982	2,437,373	2,209,690
Unrestricted (deficit)		(24,409,713) $(24,602,362)$	(23,905,274)	(23, 790, 043)	(24,093,536)	(22, 658, 213)	(26, 495, 439)	(20, 478, 430)	(20,863,671)	(18, 774, 601)
Total Governmental Activities Net Position	\$ (8,366,788)	\$ (9,499,667)	\$ (9,431,997)	\$ (10,351,692)	\$ (11,092,389)	\$ (12,006,430)	\$ (13,173,692)	\$ (12,655,668)	\$ (13,282,827)	\$ (11,723,994)

Source: Basic Financial Statements

GASB 65 was implemented in 2013

GASB 67 and 68 was implemented in 2015

GASB 84 was implemented in 2021

				Ŧ	or The Years E	For The Years Ended March 31.				
					2018			2015	2014	
-	2022	2021	2020	2019	Restated	2017	2016	Restated	Restated	2013
EXPENSES										
Administration	\$ 972,381	\$ 834,995	\$ 928,680	\$ 1,093,594	\$ 1,051,998	\$ 930,244	\$ 789,683	\$ 749,246	\$ 1,763,689	\$ 841,141
Fire department.	898,354	1,269,206	1,165,102	995,953	980,303	1,064,999	978,252	988,973	1,075,281	970,839
Housing department	23,869	22,627	22,331	20,404	16,515	19,348	22,425	45,168	49,795	35,535
Municipal court	85,576	115,391	157,864	147,198	148,024	153,314	159,665	156,804	158,376	144,443
Parks and recreation	278,907	246,228	215,426	254,751	244,347	235,426	242,355	231,874	146,359	136,525
Police department	837,169	1,329,798	1,160,511	903,262	945,627	1,060,747	959,073	1,002,792	963,025	969,445
Public works	888,192	876,508	863,469	873,805	863,473	725,860	745,081	674,002	785,776	720,896
Economic development	ı		'	'	'	ı			ı	25,982
Interest on long-term debt and fiscal charges.	1,812,445	1,772,063	1,741,765	1,729,498	1,800,626	1,807,321	2,951,941	1,495,317	2,000,744	1,527,335
Total Expenses	5,796,893	6,466,816	6,255,148	6,018,465	6,050,913	5,997,259	6,848,475	5,344,176	6,943,045	5,372,141
PROGRAM REVENUES										
Charges for services: <sup>a</sup>										
Administration	221,108	169,768	235,192	234,882	231,618	249,341	218,260	218,092	231,516	193,375
Municipal court	288,246	169,293	417,618	195,576	373,712	422,021	439,518	547,833	525,694	,
Parks and recreation	18,708	10,593	7,427	3,873	6,760	5,529	7,986	11,351	10,453	9,823
Police department	6,898	5,108	8,655	6,581	9,493	12,274	17,050	15,685	14,650	660,923
Public works										54,471
Operating grants and contributions	519,760	360,202	385,845	345,177	356,030	371,257	364,094	332,642	333,694	273,754
Capital grants and contributions	185,530	331,315	340,626	106,094	312,201	305,839	520,393	57,602	117,479	403,918
Total Program Revenues	1,240,250	1,046,279	1,395,363	892,183	1,289,814	1,366,261	1,567,301	1,183,205	1,233,486	1,596,264
NET REVENUES (EXPENSES)	(4,556,643)	(5, 420, 537)	(4,859,785)	(5, 126, 282)	(4, 761, 099)	(4, 630, 998)	(5, 281, 174)	(4, 160, 971)	(5,709,559)	(3,775,877)

			LAST	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	EARS					
				H	or The Years <b>E</b>	For The Years Ended March 31.				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018 Restated	2017	2016	2015 Restated	2014 Restated	2013
•										
GENERAL REVENUES AND OTHER CHANGES IN NET POSITION T <sub>corr</sub> <sup>b</sup>										
Property	1,489,069	1,186,194	1,163,288	1,170,341	1,049,007	1,231,946	658,471	643,538	656,942	1,092,999
Sales.	2,212,730	1,936,192	2,137,844	2,068,114	2,023,605	2,013,816	1,954,075	1,833,211	1,776,909	1,983,516
TIF revenues	1,093,568	1,166,118	1,629,718	1,692,185	1,670,695	1,666,094	1,263,935	654,075	771,889	ı
Utility gross receipts	690,041	633,996	688,087	775,326	761,382	741,534	720,777	777,392	810,886	861,544
Other taxes	71,833	74,947	80,109	83,766	86,626	92,136	97,496	96,843	88,906	22,705
Investment income.	765	1,792	42,568	47,036	33,942	8,337	11,006	14,899	21,064	26,345
Other revenues	98,849	353,628	26,361	28,405	49,883	43,750	43,541	50,404	24,130	19,850
Gain on sale of capital assets	32,667	ı	11,505	1,806	ı	647	13,849	210		
Decrease in net pension liability				'	'		'	216,085		
C E										
I otal General Revenues	5,689,522	5,352,867	5,779,480	5,866,979	5,675,140	5,798,260	4,/63,150	4,286,657	4,150,726	4,006,959
PRIOR PERIOD ADJUSTMENT	ı	1					ı	501,473		
CHANGES IN NET POSITION	\$ 1,132,879	\$ (67,670)	\$ 919,695	\$ 740,697	\$ 914,041	\$ 1,167,262	\$ (518,024)	\$ 627,159	\$(1,558,833)	\$ 231,082
Source: Basic Financial Statements										

## NOTES:

<sup>a</sup>Effective FY2014 court fines and cost are being reported as a Municipal Court program revenue. Past fiscal years court fines and cost were reported as a Police program revenue. <sup>b</sup>Effective FY2014, general revenues are reported in greater detail: 1) Property and sales taxes are now defined by purpose of the levy; 2) Franchise fees were removed from the category Utility to be reported individually; 3) TIF revenues were removed from the categories of property and sales taxes to be reported individually and 4) Cigarette taxes were removed from the category Other to be reported individually. The change in presentation was done to provide more detail information for the Board of Aldermen and other financial users.

					For the Years E	For the Years Ended March 31.				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
<b>Governmental Activities</b>										
Administration	∽	333,780 \$ 169,768	\$ 236,692	\$ 239,292	\$ 231,618	\$ 260,082	\$ 225,059	\$ 218,092	\$ 231,516	\$ 193,375
Fire department	2,400	'		33,051	'	'	15,000	ı	700	ı
Municipal court	288,246	169,293	417,618	195,576	373,712	422,021	439,518	547,833	525,694	
Parks and recreation	26,358	11,824	323,677	3,873	318,961	5,529	14,386	11,351	17,354	136,373
Police department	26,141	10,315	22,791	25,431	10,493	12,274	17,050	42,281	20,302	664,842
Public works	563,325	685,079	394,585	394,960	355,030	666,355	856,288	363,648	437,920	601,674
Total Governmental Activities \$ 1,240,250 \$ 1,046,279	\$ 1,240,250	\$ 1,046,279	\$ 1,395,363	\$ 892,183	\$ 1,289,814	\$ 1,366,261	\$ 1,567,301	\$ 1,183,205	\$ 1,233,486	\$ 1,596,264

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

					LA	ST TEN	LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS	YEARS						
							Foi	For The Years Ended March 31	Ended I	March 31,				
	2022		2021		2020	2019	19	2018		2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General Fund Nonspendable Restricted	. \$ 64,387	S	26,447 -	S	34,313 -	↔ ∾	30,933 -	\$ 34,200 -	° -	58,867 -	\$ 77,630 -	\$ 112,448 -	\$ 135,414 497,012	<pre>\$ 132,688 330,027</pre>
Assigned - Subsequent year's budget Unassigned	1,067,749		- 839,530		- 952,568	1,10	-1,108,030	- 1,696,908		- 1,777,910	- 1,824,109	- 1,775,668	28,616 1,627,117	- 1,684,658
Total General Fund	. \$ 1,132,136	S	865,977	S	986,881	\$ 1,138,963	"	\$ 1,731,108	"	\$ 1,836,777	\$ 1,901,739	\$ 1,888,116	\$ 2,288,159	\$ 2,147,373
All other governmental funds														
Nonspendable	. \$ 1,889	S	879	\$	1,084	S	866	\$ 890	0 \$	ı	۰ ج	•	<del>\$</del>	S.
Capital projects.	. 1,016,883		1,114,422		606,560	68	682,624	2,963,259		6,719,220	1,161,925	1,625,836	1,852,384	2,407,988
Debt service	. 643,910		516,500		554,219	41	411,012	414,915		347,636	274,187	254,701	303,188	373,795
Law enforcement			'		ı					'	2,555	·	3,868	8,034
Parks and stormwater	. 315,143		271,032		239,924	20	204,553	192,410	0	373,128	438,755	392,257		ı
Pensions	322,304		ı		I				,	ı	ı	I	1	ı
Police training	. 4,214		6,514		4,097		2,590	10,645	5	9,204	6,456	16,356	15,092	12,223
Sewer Lateral	9,739		27,482		27,822	64	25,664	30,057	L:	29,410	11,093	32,763	11,741	4,084
Tax Increment Financing	2,254,647		2,337,925		2,555,979	2,54	2,544,004	2,513,158		2,775,228	2,677,208	972,413	1,026,833	1,081,487

\$ 3,887,611

\$ 3,213,106

\$ 3,294,326

\$ 4,572,179

\$ 10,253,826

\$ 6,125,334

\$ 3,871,313

\$ 3,989,685

\$ 4,274,754

Total All Other Governmental Funds...... \$ 4,568,729

NOTES: GASB 54 was implemented in 2012.

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

					For The Years Ended March 31	nded March 31,				
. 1	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
<b>REVENUES:</b>										
Property taxes	\$ 2,169,737	\$ 1,685,156	\$ 1,942,455	\$ 1,685,055	\$ 1,813,467	\$ 1,596,209	\$ 1,227,325	\$ 860,002	\$1,056,616	\$ 1,091,603
	739,169	686,223	745,425	836,361	825,303	810,965	795,567	851,530	877,088	861,544
Sales tax	2,751,370	2,475,779	3,123,809	3,136,147	3,075,486	3,150,206	2,697,840	2,217,492	2,158,184	1,983,516
Licenses, permits, fines and fees	506,751	353,173	642,495	430,955	603.723	673,085	673,462	760,854	772,181	819,150
Intergovernmental.	654,478	967,769	367,020	376,110	316,647	638,863	823,715	352,051	295,796	690,358
Investment income.	765	1,791	42,568	47,036	33,943	8,337	10,453	26,240	26,285	26,345
Miscellaneous	198,110	116,037	424,665	103,699	440,424	122,490	135,355	127,286	222,095	109,746
Total Revenues	7,020,380	6,285,928	7,288,437	6,615,363	7,108,993	7,000,155	6,363,717	5,195,455	5,408,245	5,582,262
EXPENDITURES:										
Administration	701,805	713,347	782,613	843,579	994,559	867,205	752,510	735,528	676,900	785,039
Fire department	1,042,936	1,036,368	1,072,114	1,028,871	985,779	972,092	930,687	891,390	867,379	866,722
Housing department	23,869	22,627	22,331	20,404	16,515	20,422	22,995	44,851	48,673	35,205
Municipal court	84,684	113,957	157,116	146,989	146,007	150,564	158,064	154,698	166,321	141,896
Parks and recreation	208,161	172,167	216,069	218,014	220,922	210,662	207,170	206,517	117,095	122,187
Police department	1,098,779	1,063,856	1,113,845	1,052,906	1,013,137	982,930	957,421	920,900	938,699	970,295
Public works.	360,623	360,543	382,211	396,450	429,934	400,192	378,221	387,787	461,299	523,286
Economic development	•	•	•	•	•			1		25,982
Capital outlay	1,040,818	477,465	1,148,741	3,284,685	5,150,293	2,183,684	1,719,077	1,059,894	1,410,542	2,105,651
Debt service:										
Principal.	1,150,000	1,300,000	1,525,000	1,505,000	1,370,000	1,245,000	236,784	238,276	247,985	414,959
Interest	823,571	861,433	913,612	966,437	1,032,788	932,938	4,706,650	874,647	1,007,431	836,458
General obligation bonds issuance cost					79,229	110,621		'	'	
Total Expenditures	6,535,246	6,121,763	7,333,652	9,463,335	11,439,163	8,076,310	10,069,579	5,514,488	5,942,324	6,827,680
REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EVDENINTTIDES	195 124	591791	(15.715)	(000 000 0)	(0.1.320.170)	(351 920 1)	(198 201 1)	(210.023)	(070,070)	1017 245 17
	+01,00+	101,401	(017(0+)	(216,170,2)	(0/1,000,+)	(001,010,1)	(200,007,0)	( , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	(610,400)	(0,740,410)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)										
Transfers in	175,000	188,690	175,000	433,282	580,000	275,000	175,020	1,130,276	33,455	
Transfers out	(175,000)	(188,690)	(175,000)	(433, 282)	(580,000)	(275,000)	(175,020)	(1, 130, 276)	(33, 455)	
Sale of capital assets	75,000	'	11,505	1,806	16,780	646	13,849	210	361	8,000
Bond issuance costs	•	'	'	•			(713, 263)	•		
Payment to refunded bond escrow agent	'	•		'	(3,202,675)		(18,812,199)	'	'	
Issuance of long-term debt					3,079,974 201 020	6,100,000 502 104	24,508,951			
Fremun of long-term deot					006/107	194,194	•	'		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)	75,000	·	11,505	1,806	96,009	6,692,840	4,997,338	210	361	8,000
NET CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES \$	\$ 560,134	\$ 164,165	\$ (33,710)	\$ (2,846,166)	\$ (4,234,161)	\$ 5,616,685	\$ 1,291,476	\$ (318,823)	\$ (533,718)	\$(1,237,418)
Debt service as a percentage of noncaptial expenditures	35.1%	37.6%	38.6%	38.0%	37.6%	36.5%	58.1%	24.2%	26.3%	26.0%

## CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI TAX REVENUES BY SOURCE, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

For The Years Ended March 31,	Property Tax	Sales Tax	Gross Receipts Taxes	Other	Total
2022	\$ 2,169,737	\$ 2,751,370	\$ 739,169	\$ 654,478	\$ 6,314,754
2021	1,685,156	2,475,779	686,223	967,769	5,814,927
2020	1,942,455	3,123,809	745,425	367,020	6,178,709
2019	1,685,055	3,136,147	836,361	376,110	6,033,673
2018	1,813,467	3,075,486	825,303	316,647	6,030,903
2017	1,596,209	3,150,206	810,965	638,863	6,196,243
2016	1,227,325	2,697,840	795,567	823,715	5,544,447
2015	860,002	2,217,492	851,530	352,051	4,281,075
2014	1,056,616	2,158,184	877,088	295,796	4,387,684
2013	1,091,603	1,983,516	861,544	690,358	4,627,021

**Source**: Basic Financial Statements

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI ASSESSED AND ESTIMATED VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Total Direct Estimated Tax Actual Value	1.052 * \$ 658,129,808	0.887 * 622,644,268	0.894 * 613,761,102	1.077 * 520,500,684	1.088 * 517,451,097	1.089 * 474,391,728	0.673 * 465,697,162	0.669 * 447,683,081	0.668 * 451,843,907	0.681 * 442,485,952
Total Assessed Value	\$ 145,851,838	139,893,164	137,599,259	119,051,657	118,523,085	108,496,453	105,898,001	101,553,556	102,837,877	99,961,696
<b>Personal</b> <b>Property</b>	\$ 15,735,990	14,288,371	13,535,090	13,425,466	13,931,112	13,571,681	12,490,838	12,232,848	12,075,586	11,587,164
Commercial Real Property	\$ 34,563,928	38,024,783	37,330,049	35,407,611	34,997,643	30,835,632	29,649,703	27,653,768	29,035,621	26,849,342
Residential Real Property	\$ 95,551,920	87,580,010	86,734,120	70,218,580	69,594,330	64,089,140	63, 757, 460	61,666,940	61, 726, 670	61,525,190
For The Years Ended December 31,	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012

Source: St. Louis County Assessor

\*Commencing in 2003, Missouri State Law required the City to calculate a separate tax rate for residential real estate, agricultural real estate, commercial real estate, and personal property. The tax rate stated above for each year 2012 through 2021 reflects a blended rate for the various types of taxable property.

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI	FRUFEKTY TAA KATES - DIKEUT AND ALL UVEKLAFFING GUVEKNMENTS TAST TEN CALENDAR VEARS
-----------------------------	----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

			LAST TEN CALENDAK YEAKS	CALENDA	K Y EAKS					
•	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013	2012
City of Rock Hill Direct Rates: General Fund	0.2080	0.2250	0.2260	0.2700	0.2825	0.2938	0.2926	0.2890	0.2880	0.3010
Debt Service.	0.5900	0.6380	0.6450	0.7950	0.8050	0.7950	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800	0.3800
<b>Overlapping governments:</b>										
State of Missouri	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300	0.0300
Roads and Bridges	0.0830	0.0880	0.0880	0.0980	0.0980	0.1030	0.1030	0.1050	0.1050	0.1050
St. Louis County	0.3350	0.3550	0.3550	0.3910	0.3910	0.4120	0.4120	0.4180	0.4180	0.4180
St. Louis Community College	0.2787	0.1987	0.1986	0.2129	0.2112	0.2176	0.2176	0.2200	0.2200	0.2200
Special School District	1.0158	1.1077	1.1077	1.1980	1.1912	1.2348	1.2348	1.2609	1.2400	0.1012
Metro Zoo	0.2455	0.2532	0.2549	0.2724	0.2694	0.2777	0.2777	0.2797	0.2797	0.2684
Sheltered Workshop		ı		0.0840	0.0840	0.0880	0.0880	0.0900	0.0890	0.0840
Rock Hill Library	0.2090	0.2260	0.2270	0.2710	0.2700	0.2820	0.2820	0.2910	0.2900	0.2850
Metro Sewer District*	0.1041	0.1078	0.1077	0.1170	0.1159	0.0876	0.0876	0.0879	0.0874	0.0635
Dev. Disability-Productive Live	0.0710	0.0750	0.0750	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı	ı
Deer Creek Sewer*	0.0660	0.0690		·		0.0830	0.0830	0.0860	0.0860	0.0840
Webster Groves School District	4.2283	4.6753	4.6848	5.3654	5.3253	5.6722	5.6722	5.8584	5.8576	5.7588

Source: St. Louis County Collector (rates stated per \$100 assessed valuation)

<sup>a</sup> Property tax rates reported in this schedule are the residential property tax rates. \*Effective with 2008, all Metropolitan St. Louis Sewer District (MSD) district-wide and sub-district taxes have been reduced to zero. This is due to the implemenation of the new impervious area stormwater rate. CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI PRINCIPAL TAXPAYERS CURRENT CALENDAR YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

0.84%5.46% 1.65% 0.74%0.78% 1.38% 0.94%0.85% 0.79% 0.52% 13.95% Percentage of **Total City** Assessed Value Rank 2012 2 9 10 6 10  $\mathbf{c}$ 4 Ś  $\infty$ 5,389,810 \$ 13,767,230 1,626,850 770,620 ,363,710 832,030 778,240 726,400 512,450 928,000 839,120 Taxable Assessed Value  $\boldsymbol{\diamond}$ 4.55% 13.69% .97% 0.85% 0.82% 0.77% 0.73% 0.66% 0.64% 1.60% 1.10% Percentage of **Total City** Assessed Value Rank 2021 10 6  $\sim$  $\mathbf{c}$ 4 Ś 9  $\sim \infty$ 6,637,910 \$ 19,964,110 2,874,130 2,329,340 ,600,010 ,240,360,193,920,126,980 ,063,720 968,330 929,410 Assessed Taxable Value  $\boldsymbol{\diamond}$ Manchester Speedway Co..... Market at McKnight (Novus)..... Missouri CVS Pharmacy LLC..... GBC Enterprises, LLC..... Stanford Court Apartments, LLC..... EZ Storage Rock Hill LLC. Novus Crestwood LLC..... CS3 BP Associates LLC..... Dan L Sheils LLC..... Refrigeration Supplies Inc..... McKnight Development LLC Missouri American Water Co..... Rock Hill Partnership..... 900 Rock Hill Partners LLC..... Millman Lumber Company..... Waltrust Properties Inc..... Colonial Square Associates..... Taxpayer

Source: St. Louis County Assessor

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI PROPERTY TAX LEVIES AND COLLECTIONS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

 	Cu Net Tax 7 Levy Coll	Current Tax Collections	Percent Collected As Current	Delinquent Tax Collections	Total Tax Collections	Lotal Collections As Percent of Levy	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes <sup>a</sup>	Outstanding Delinquent Taxes As of Levy
\$ 1,30	õ	3,094	89.00%	۱ ا	\$ 1,303,094	89.00%	\$ 161,043	11.00%
978	978	,889		154, 126	1,133,015	96.36%	13,292	1.13%
1,001,	001,	905		155,202	1,157,107	99.31%	'	0.00%
976,9	976,9	986	80.92%	175,534	1,152,520	95.46%	2,574	0.21%
926,2	<b>726,2</b>	87		258,262	1,184,549	97.74%	2,604	0.21%
910,2	€10,2	63		168,509	1,078,772	96.57%	12	0.00%
559,6	559,6	12		94,702	654,314	96.99%	ı	0.00%
570,1	570,1	41		82,950	653,091	98.55%		0.00%
547,842	547,82	42	~	94,396	642,238	96.35%	ı	0.00%
501,62	501.62	53	77.94%	68,028	569,651	88.51%		0.00%

Source: St. Louis County Collector's office.

<sup>a</sup> As of March 31, 2022

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI SALES TAX REVENUES, GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

an	and	and
1 41 123	1 41 123	
\$ 448,333 \$ 224,197	\$ 448,333	,333
406,634 205,180	406,634	,634
489,717 244,858	489,717	717
476,533 238,265	476,533	476,533
497,198	497	444,728 497,198
527,637 263,424	527,637	527,637
485,309 243,049	485,309	485,309
433,693 216,847	433,693	693
	414,038	414,038
382,967 191,677	382.967	.967

Source: Basic Financial Statements

The sales tax rate in the City is 8.425%, which includes 4.225% for the State of Missouri, 1.7% for St. Louis County, and 2.5% as the City's direct rate which is detailed above. Given the limited number of businesses, it would not be possible to break out sales tax information on industries because of the confidentiality of individual businesses. CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI ratios of outstanding debt by type last ten fiscal years

	Per Capita <sup>a</sup>	\$ 5,779	6,030	6,515	6,822	7,156	7,405	6,231	5,064	5,117	5,173
	Percentage of Personal Income <sup>a</sup>	11.6%	11.7%	17.3%	18.0%	19.0%	21.7%	19.8%	16.0%	16.2%	16.7%
	Total Primary Government	\$ 27,452,077	28,641,712	29,981,689	31,546,666	33,117,899	34,346,218	28,928,350	23,472,552	23,718,724	23,974,603
	Capital Leases	S.	ı	ı	I	ı	ı	ı	16,783	40,060	78,044
l Activities	Tax Increment Revenue Notes	\$ 8,337,701	8,337,701	8,337,701	8,337,701	8,337,701	8,337,701	8,337,701	18,812,199	18,812,199	18,812,199
<b>Governmental Activities</b>	Tax Increment Revenue Bonds	\$ 11,098,602	11,699,664	12,465,726	13,471,788	14,482,850	15,373,912	16, 174, 974	·		ı
	General Obligation Bonds	\$ 8,015,774	8,604,347	9,178,262	9,737,177	10,297,348	10,634,605	4,415,675	4,643,570	4,866,465	5,084,360
	For The Years Ended March 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013

Source: Basic Financial Statements

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statements.

<sup>a</sup> See Demographics and Economic Statistics Table.

## CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI RATIOS OF GENERAL BONDED DEBT OUTSTANDING LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

For The Years Ended March 31,	General Obligation Bonds, Net <sup>a</sup>	Percentage of Estimated Actual Value of Property <sup>b</sup>	Per Capita <sup>c</sup>
2022	\$ 7,368,597	1.1%	\$ 1,551
2021	7,986,995	1.3%	1,681
2020	8,648,537	1.4%	1,879
2019	9,351,172	1.8%	2,022
2018	9,906,674	1.9%	2,141
2017	10,289,999	2.2%	2,219
2016	4,140,561	0.9%	892
2015	4,388,591	1.0%	947
2014	5,563,277	1.2%	1,200
2013	4,710,565	1.1%	1,016

**Source**: Basic Financial Statements

Note: Details regarding the City's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to financial statement

<sup>a</sup> General obligation bonds are presented net of restricted net position for debt services for fiscal years 2013 - 2022.

<sup>c</sup> See Demographics and Economic Statistics Table.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>b</sup> See Assessed and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property Table.

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI	LEGAL DEBT MAKGIN INFORMATION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS
-----------------------------	--------------------------------------------------------

					March 31,	h 31,				
	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Debt limit	\$ 14,585,184	\$ 13,989,316	\$ 14,585,184 \$ 13,989,316 \$ 13,759,926	\$ 11,905,166	\$ 11,852,309	\$ 10,849,645	(1,905,166  \$ $11,852,309 $ \$ $10,849,645 $ \$ $10,589,800 $ \$ $10,155,356 $ \$ $10,283,788$	\$ 10,155,356	\$ 10,283,788	\$ 9,996,170
Net debt applicable to debt limit	6,924,174	7,415,601	8,534,974	9,044,974	9,529,974	10,000,000	4,335,000	4,555,000	4,770,000	4,980,000
Legal Debt Margin \$ 7,661,010 \$ 6,573,715 \$ 5,224,952	\$ 7,661,010	\$ 6,573,715	\$ 5,224,952	\$ 2,860,192	\$ 2,322,335	\$ 849,645	\$ 849,645 \$ 6,254,800	\$ 5,600,356	\$ 5,513,788	\$ 5,016,170
Legal debt margin as a percentage of the debt limit	47.47%	53.01%	62.03%	75.98%	80.41%	92.17%	40.94%	44.85%	46.38%	49.82%
Source: Basic Financial Statements	Statements									

Note: Bonded indebtedness is limited by Sections 95.111 and 95.120 of the Missouri Revised Statutes (1986) to 10% of the assessed value of taxable tangible property.

## CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES DEBT AS OF MARCH 31, 2022

Name Of Governmental Unit	Debt Outstanding	Estimated Percentage Applicable	Estimated Share of Overlapping Debt
St. Louis County	\$ 64,395,000	0.5%	\$ 321,975
Webster Groves School District	57,594,000	14.2%	8,178,348
Subtotal, Overlapping Debt	121,989,000		8,500,323
City of Rock Hill			
General oblication bonds	\$ 8,015,774	100.0%	\$ 8,015,774
Tax increment financing bonds and notes	19,436,303	100.0%	19,436,303
Subtotal, Direct Debt	27,452,077		27,452,077
Total Direct And Overlapping Debt	\$ 149,441,077		\$ 35,952,400

**Source**: Information was obtained by contacting the Taxing Jurisdiction and the St. Louis County Collector's office. The percentage applicable to the City is based on the jurisdiction's assessed value within the boundaries of the City.

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI PLEDGED REVENUE COVERAGE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS **Tax Increment Financing Revenue Bonds and Notes** 

87.07% 84.40% 103.58% 110.79% 91.27% 89.21% 96.38% 00.29% 26.11% 91.04%**Coverage**<sup>a</sup> 559,710 690,444 825,648 653,310 647,144 656,731 582,509 619,031 4,538,463 701,115 Interest **Debt Service**  $\boldsymbol{\circ}$ 1,015,000 173,400 610,000 775,000 1,020,000900,000 810,000 Principal  $\boldsymbol{\omega}$ 753,570 737,492 ,184,836\$ 1,018,505 1,145,689 ,574,833 ,681,546 ,647,317 ,614,306 638,292 Available Revenues Net Expenditures 2,1187,105 4,027 7,144 Operating Less  $\boldsymbol{\circ}$ 22,454 379 910 24,274 6,016 1,02429 217 13  $\infty$ Investment Income S 531,111 381,156 735,851 317,089 \$ 530,669 976,598 ,060,269 ,041,952 ,121,079 379,909 Sales Tax 427,518 613,668 573,961 599,349 450,079 487,457 598,823 493,010 265,475 376,433 Property Tax  $\boldsymbol{\circ}$ **Years Ended** March 31, For The 2016<sup>b</sup> 2019 2018 2017 2020 2015 2014 2022 2013 2021

Source: Basic Financial Statements

<sup>a</sup> Coverage made with funds from previous years used for principal and interest payments.

<sup>b</sup> The City refunded TIF notes Series A & B during FY2016. Part of the proceeds from the refunding paid interest of \$3,875,502 which is included in this schedule. CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI DEMOGRAPHIC AND ECONOMIC STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Unemployment Rate <sup>b</sup>	3.2	4.2	3.1	3.6	3.9	5.9	4.3	5.6	T.T	7.3
Webster Groves School District Enrollment	4,316	4,633	4,645	4,486	4,708	4,441	4,419	4,706	4,578	4,327
Per Capita Income <sup>a</sup>	50,765	51,658	36,931	37,875	40,869	32,956	31,805	31,607	31,607	30,985
Personal Income <sup>a</sup>	237,192,172	245,375,500	173,067,000	175, 134, 000	174,428,996	158,202,800	146,498,445	146,498,445	146,498,445	143,615,475
Median Household Income <sup>b</sup>	86,616	83,398	61, 370	66,311	64,306	58,510	53,842	52,652	53,144	56,827
Population <sup>b</sup>	4,750	4,750	4,602	4,624	4,628	4,638	4,643	4,635	4,635	4,635
For The Years Ended March 31,	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013

<sup>a</sup> Source: City-Data Com <sup>b</sup> Source: U.S. Bureau of Census CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO

	2022		2013	
Employer	Employees	Rank	Employees	Rank
New Growth Horizon	117	1		
ARCO/Murray Corporate Services, Inc	93	2	78	3
Hacienda Mexican Restaurant	89	ŝ	88	2
Millman Lumber Co	84	4	61	5
Webster Groves School District	74	5	61	5
W. Schiller & Co., Inc	72	9	68	4
RSI Kitchen and Bath	59	7	44	9
Integrated Payroll Services	48	8		
City of Rock Hill.	33	6	33	6
Walgreens	31	10		
Woodward Cleaning & Restoration, Inc			140	1
Stein Mart			40	L
Bandana's BBQ			37	8
Goddard School			31	10
	700		681	

Source: The above named companies

Note: Stein Mart closed nationwide in the summer of 2020. Woodward relocated most of their business operations out of the city. Bandana's BBQ and Froesel Tire Service remain within the city.

	,		LAST T	AST TEN FISCAL YEARS Full-Time F	L YEARS ull-Time Ec	AL YEARS Full-Time Equivalent Employees As Of March 31,	nployees As	Of March	31,	
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
General government:										
Administration	2.5	2.5	ξ	ŝ	7	ω	7	7	7	2
Fire department	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	10	9.5	6
Housing department	0.8	0.8	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Municipal court	1	1	7	0	7	7	7	7	7	7
Parks and recreation	1.5	1.5	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Police department	12	12	12	12	12	11	13	11.8	11.5	12
Public works	9	S	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9

FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI

Source: City payroll records

			T.A.S	LAST LEN FISCAL YEAKS	YEAKS	;				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	2022	2021	2020	2019	AS UT M 2018	As Of March 31, 018 2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Police department:										
Average number of calls per month	375	635	631	470	461	430	457	443	450	436
Average number of arrests per month	10	6	14	15	21	20	22	27	25	27
Number of crime incidences reported	1316	1258	1344	1194	1075	1098	1055	1043	517	468
Fire department: Average number of fire calls per month	89	81	100	94	86	87	75	87	80	76
Housing/building inspections: Number of permits:										
Building (decks, porches, roofs, garages)	23	31	22	24	27	21	25	10	13	17
Driveways	11	14	5	10	6	12	4	ς	L	4
Fences	34	35	40	44	29	21	34	29	26	6
Residential	244	257	451	78	388	242	169	203	197	98
Commercial	19	83	104	2	109	80	14	86	88	45
Duilding (dealer member mode memory)	\$ 202 026	\$ JUD 077	¢ 160 551	950 0L 3	¢ 122.000	¢ 123.400	¢ 121300	¢ 70.247		¢ 150.084
Duituing (uccas, potence, toors, garages) Driveways	<b>•</b> •	\$ 74 098	\$ 30.035			-	-		\$ 40.500	
Fences		\$ 124.670	\$ 156.268	\$ 256.021	\$ 103.282	\$ 55,000	\$ 134.800	\$ 90.833	\$ 51,000	\$ 9.400
Residential	\$ 3,632,791	$\mathcal{C}$	\$ 2,880,352	9	3	3,4	ć	2,0	1,0	3,48
Commercial	\$ 667,688	\$ 8,282,377	\$ 2,266,569	\$ 437,211	\$ 7,220,071	\$ 1,821,030	\$ 4,439,652	\$ 5,280,222	\$ 4,987,191	\$ 1,160,862
Finance and administration: Business licenses issued (Auenst 1)	70	79	55	70	64	63	71	71	67	67
Merchant licenses issued (August 1)	75	76	71	90	94	91	93	94	94	100
Liquor licenses issued (July 1)	17	18	19	19	21	20	16	17	19	15
Source: City records - various departments listed	sted									

CITY OF ROCK HILL, MISSOURI OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

<sup>a</sup> Estimates based on data provided by applicants

					As Of March 31,	rch 31,				
FUNCTIONS/PROGRAMS	2022	2021	2020	2019	2018	2017	2016	2015	2014	2013
Parks and recreation:										
Number of parks	9	9	9	9	9	7	7	L	L	L
Acres of parks	12	12	12	12	10.5	12	12	12	12	12
Number of tennis courts	4	4	4	4	4	9	9	9	9	9
Miles of trails	1	1	1	1	1	1	-	1	1	1
Number of ball fields	7	2	5	2	2	2	5	2	7	7
Fire department: Vehicles (including fire trucks)	Э	Э	ŝ	3	ς	ς	Э	З	Э	3
Police department: Vehicles	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9	9
Public works: Vehicles	Ś	Ś	∞	8	9	9	9	9	5	S
Area of City (square miles)	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1
Miles of streets	24.0	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5	23.5
Number of streets	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87	87
Number of street lights	328	328	328	328	327	327	327	327	327	327
Housing/building inspector: Vehicles				ı	ı		ı	ı	ı	П
Other City owned property: Public works facility City hall facilities (buildings)			1					- ,		
Park/pre-school building Other property (parcels)	7	$\tilde{\omega}$	- 4	- <del>4</del>	' w	' w	ι ω	- <i>س</i>	ι ω	1 ന

Source: City records - various departments listed